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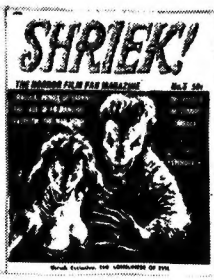

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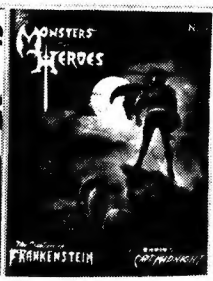

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ETCETERA

VOL. TWO NO. THREE

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ETCETERA is published bi-monthly by TCR PUBLICATIONS, 393 East 58th Street, Brooklyn, New York 11203. Paul Kupperberg, Editor. Steve Gilary, Associate Editor. Paul Levitz, Publisher. Volume 2, Number 3, June 1973. Entire contents (C) Copyright 1973 by TCR Publications. Single copy: 60¢. No subscriptions are available at the present time. Printed by Interstate Printing, 444 62nd Street, West New York, New Jersey. Please make all checks/money orders payable to Paul Levitz.

BREAKDOWN

BY DOUG MOENCH

While I cringe at the prospect of allying this third installment of Breakdown with the process of Homework (or worse, to a writer, Research), I find myself compelled to send you scurrying off for a pamphlet of retrieval is MONSTERS UNLEASHED #1, a Marvel Comics Group, 75¢ magazine; go on---see if you can extract it from your meticulously arranged collection files without precipitating a calamitous avalanche of spewing pulp paper.

Got it? *Sniff-sniff* Yes, the beloved scent of musty-cheap paper gone sour with encroaching mold is permeating the air even here. You must have gotten it. And for those of you who've escaped this little farce still smelling like a rose... shame on you. This is your last chance to get it.

Okay; now we can settle down to business (and don't worry about those recalcitrant ones who've seen the error of their ways and are even now assidously deflowering themselves amidst the reeking pulp piles ---they'll catch up later.

Plunge #1: Marvel once trouped along under the handle of Timely.

Across the bottom of this and the next page and the top of the third page is a sequence showing the cinerr ic progression mentioned above. This particular sequence is from "A Stalking Moonlit Night" from EERIE no. 46 with art by Rich Buckler and Bill Dubay.

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They don't think it's so timely now, but back then they labored under the delusion that the first step toward creating a graphic story (a comic strip, curmudgeon!) was the development of a complete script---just as National, Warren, Skywald, Gold Key, Charlton, and (I think) Archie are still laboring. This means that Stan Lee (did anybody else write for Timely back then? Oh yeah; maybe Mickey Spillane) would conceptualize the entire story right up there in his glimmer. He'd dictate the number of panels per page, stipulate the specifics of each panel artwise and tie the whole schmear together with captions and dialogue balloons pertaining to the characters and scenes he'd described. Not an altogether bad procedure...

Plunge #2: But then (when I do not know, but it must have been somewhere around Kirby-cycle-number-three time) Timely became Marvel and it was more than a nominal change. A new protocol was ushered in and it was one designed to implement (and exploit) the maximum potential of the graphic story. Graphic stories are stories told in graphics---stories told in pictures, a series of pictures. A film is a series of pictures, too, but the time-elapsement between each picture (or frame) on a filmstrip is microscopic,right? And this sequence of pictures is flashed on the screen so fast that they blend into smooth movement, precluding the individual perception of each picture. That's great for films, but since there's something like 24 frames of film projected on the screen per second, a comics artist would have to be mentally deficient to attempt a corresponding sequence on the printed page (after all, even Hanna-Barbera employ hundreds of artists for their flakey Flintstones tripe). And what 12-year-old reader would possess the stamina to even hold a 14,000 page issue of FANTASTIC FOUR---or care to gander at a series of pictures with such negligible---almost imperceptible---progression changes? And think of the poor scripter: To remain consistent with the visuals, he would be restricted to less than a syllable per panel balloon. So the comics decided they'd better just excerpt key shots from film's comparable plethora of flickered pictures...say, one for a film's every 100. (And yes, I know there's been wise guys like Eisner and Steranko and Smith and, less frequently, Wrightson, Buckler, and Chaykin who have employed cinematic rapid-progression panels, but, for reasons of space alone, they've been confined to short spurts of such "special effectery", and have ocassionally managed to disrupt the flow of their stories with a dreadful choppiness. When well done, the practice is extremely effective---although,through saturation, the effect seems to be approaching a diluted state---and a laudable achievement on the part of the practitioners.) Okay; so we have to strain out the superfluous nonsense and present a series of vital narrative pictures. Since Stan Lee was/is not an artist, he (or an artist who might've been Kirby) decided that an artist could do better to determine what pictures in a series of infinite possibilities would best dramatically relate the escapades of the FANTASTIC FOUR. These were graphic stories, right? Telling a story in pictures, the picture-creator should logically assume some of the story-telling responsibility, with the scripter relegated to a subordinate position. But the writer would still (usually, anyway) come up with the idea. He'd either tell the artist his story in a brief outline or hand him a synopsis and say, "Here, draw your pictures." The artist would read the synopsis, mutter "It stinks", and set to work elaborating the succinct plot into his series of pictures.

Now the artist had to decide how many panels would comprise a page, and what each would contain. In short, he told the story in picture

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form. But since we're not dealing with silent movies---and since artists are notorious for poor spelling and grammar---the artist would relinquish his beautifully-wrought pencils to the writer who, if he had not by this time forgotten what the plot was all about, proceed to mutilate the beautifully-wrought pencils with a scattered sprinkle of captions, dialogue balloons, sound-effects and footnotes. The letterer would then indelibly etch all these words over the beautifully-wrought pencils, and then the inker would render whatever was left of the beautifully-wrought pencils. Not an altogether bad procedure either, seemingly alloying the best of both media to emerge with a synthesized medium in its own right. Of course, there are those disgruntled Purists (Vainly Carping Artists, in other words) who would bitch and holler about the destroyed composition of their beautifully-wrought pencils. "Look at the caption over there covering that tree limb!" they would froth. "I spend forty minutes on that tree limb and there's now a dirty ugly grey blotch of words covering it!" they would shriek. "And that L-shaped composition of this panel over there is destroyed by that lousey balloon!" they would rave. "Your eyes are supposed to travel in an "L" from the upper left hand corner down and over to the lower right hand corner and you stuck that grotesque balloon right at the junction of the L!" they would rant. They were invariably right, y'know, but you've gotta make the choice: Is this a portfolio of beautiful pictures or an integrated story? Most comic readers opt for the latter, although there are some who will pay $5.00 for a Spanish comic just so they can glom onto some beautifully-wrought Maroto art and never mind the foolish story. (My soul shrivels every time I meet one of those.)

Plunge #2½: So that was Marvel's solution to the problem of visually static graphic stories---put the artist in the driver's seat. National semi-confronted the problem and guised their solution in the form of elevating a number of artists into editorial positions thinking that from such lofty statures surely these new artist-editors could exert some visual influence on the stories they produced. But they still bought complete scripts from writers. See, the artist could then know what copy would appear in each panel and could situate the balloons in a manner compatible with his idiosyncratic views of "good composition". That's fine, but then there's still room for bitching about static visuals. All the fine Toth-placement-of-balloons in the world ain't gonna help a script that has 18 successive panels of talk and nothing else. I.e. Marvel set its artists loose on creating visually provacative panels and let the writers fill in the talk within that context, and without being contrived. Harder on the writer and invariably better for the story. (Of course, under the aegis of the "Marvel Method" we are occasionally treated to long stretches of action panels filled with nothing but cheap flippancy and subsequent short stretches---say, one panel---of plot exposition which is necessarily festooned with balloons. But I'm of the opinion that it generally works out to the best advantage.)

Plunge #3: Okay, now we have the advent of the Marvel black-and-white books. They're certainly not as visually stunning as the Warren magazines (Warren really does have the best artists in the world), but they have established a priority of story-telling (something that Bill Dubay is even now trying to do at Warren and believe me, I can't wait) as opposed to a collection of pretty pictures. And, wonder of wonders, some of their graphic storytelling---at least in the b&w books---is being accomplished with a new timely method of complete-scripts-first. Perhaps this indicates a renaissance of

faith in the visual- conceptualization abilities of scripters (and why not? writers can be artists in their brains) who are now so accustomed to the "Marvel Method" that they can evoke it by complete-script proxy. Whatever it indicates, we have the "Marvel Method" to thank for a nifty little thing in MONSTERS UNLEASHED #1. (See; I haven't forgotten!)

Plunge #4: You see, working under the Marvel Method, a scripter was always conscious of those rancorous artists who would inevitably explode at the sight of his beautifully-wrought pencils submerged under seads of words. Cognizant of the fact that a large balloon would irrevocably cover up a vital tree limb or something, the writer was forced to utilize a number of small balloons which would benignly fit into open spaces within the art. Sometimes the open spaces in the art were so small that a writer was constricted to a mere fragment of a sentence in each balloon. The beginning of a sentence would be placed in a balloon over the tree limb here and the conclusion of the sentence would be placed under the tree limb over there. This, I suspect, was a mandatory disadvantage at first. But being as resourceful as any of the masked men they controlled on the four-color page, the scripters were adept at gleaning a latent silver lining in those cloud-like fragmented balloons. Doesn't one cloud in the sky look drab? Doesn't a second complement the first, set it off to celestial glory? Yep. They created synergisms out of those fragmented balloons, they made the integrated effect of the balloons greater than the sum of its parts. They used a second balloon to accentuate the first. They left you hanging on the incompleteness of the first balloon only to slam you in the face with the significance of the second. They used balloons and caption breaks as a prose writer uses punctuation-and, I maintain, to even more acute advantage.

Plunge #5: So whether Gerry Conway's first story in MONSTERS UNLEASHED #1 was written complete-script-first or Marvel-Method-pencils first, it is because of the Marvel Method's direct or indirect influence that we have the beautiful word progression and putative significance of a 6-word caption in the third panel of page 8.

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AND DARLING-- I SAW NO WEREWOLVES, NO GHOSTS, NO VAMPIRES-- JUST INDIANS AND CAVALRY AND OTHER CITIZENS!
ONE NIGHT, COMING BACK FROM LEON'S TAVERN, I DID SEE A PINK ELEPHANT--
AND I SMILED... BUT SHE DIDN'T!
YOU THINK I'M-- INSANE!

ABOVE: The above mentioned panel from MONSTERS UNLEASHED #1, from a story by Gerry Conway with art by Pablo Marcus.

SELF-ANALYSIS

BY TOM FAGAN

Tomorrow he would give the interview. But tonight he would simply enjoy meditating about it.

'Twould be jolly: 'twould be droll. Best of all, though,it would be cutting. A slashing of imagination; a burning of wonderment; a sterilization of fantasy.

Presumably, this time he would talk about television. Envision the new detective-god hero. Relate the cause and effect of this new image upon trey, ten, trillion, sheep-like viewers.

That was what the interview called for; that was the agreement. Stake another hero; down a favorite; sell a million copies, or more, of magazines; deposit one thousand and some in the personal checking account.

All for talking. Ah, what one could do with conversation. Especially when one was quoted. Especially when one's words were quoted in print.

One could rouse a whole country--make a whole world a bit fearful. Maybe with a modicum of practice--frighten an entire universe.

Tomorrow, yes, tomorrow. True he would give learned views about this currently popular figure of violent authority, who brought justice about with gimmicked-up cars, flashing fists, and armaments of awe.

Criticize first the novels and their wr r, then the moviemakers for bringing the tales into shadowy reality on grayish screens, then the television moguls for their part in bidding a nation-wide, twice-weekly welcome to the new champion; then the composers for introducing stirring theme song arrangement as a top ten hit of the day; then the fast-buck boys with their specialized T-Shirts and Stationary for sale with blatant advertisements of "Let's Face It Gang, I'm A Madman Too--Here's My Hard-Earned Dollar for:"

Then---oh, how subtle---Introduce Comic Books into the interview. Convince the reporter copying down each rapid word with enthusiasm how comics were really responsible. If not for comics of the 30's, 40's, 50's and sadly enough the 60's, such a new television hero just could not be popular today.

But do it subtly. Make it appear like this is the deduction reached by the interviewer himself--but of course he has your backing all the way in this brilliant conclusion.

Agree. Concur. Meditate a bit. Seem to ponder somewhat. And the recording pencil will scrawl across copy paper with gusto.

Oh, the finished article! All about the television hero presumably. Yet good, fat, chunky paragraphs about comics. Enough to have the public's jaundiced eye fixed upon them in constant distaste.

Who would really be the target of tomorrow's interview? Right now, he just wasn't quite sure---but he'd find one. For he'd already:

Extinguished GREEN LANTERN; snapped off PLASTIC MAN; breezed over AIRBOY; outdone DAREDEVIL; crushed CRIMEBUSTER; smashed SPY SMASHER; blanked BULLETMAN; wrapped up SPIDERMAN; blasted BLUE BEETLE; snuffed out the HUMAN TORCH; and best of all, had emasculated BATMAN and de-sexed WONDER WOMAN.

So many waiting. HAWKMAN to be pinioned; bring the FLASH to a screeching halt; hang an albatross around the neck of SUBMARINER. So many ready for the ultimate objurgation.

He jigged in joy about the room at the thought. "Down with them," he shouted happily through the open dormer window. His answer was a

CONT. ON PG. 11

the view from Europe:
Part two:
A Short History of British Fandom

NICK LANDAU

Nick Landau is the editor of the British fanzines Comic Media and Comic Catalog.

I would be very surprised to hear of any American comic fan who could name more than just one (well, two at most) British fanzines. Basically, there are two reasons for this. The first is financial, meaning that British fanzine editors do not try to sell beyond their world. And the second reason is that we have a very strange distribution of fanzines inasmuch that we have more adzines than any other type of fanzine.

The American zine editor is catering to a large market(measured in the thousands) and knows that he can sell x-thousands of copies of his fanzine, and thus not suffer too great a loss (or too small a profit in many cases nowadays) if all his copies did not sell. However, the British zine editor does not have this large a market potential. There are probably not more than 400- 500 active comic fans in this country (and by active, I mean those who participate in such fan activities like attending conventions and buying fanzines), although there are probably at least twice that number of "fringe" fans. And, fanzine sales in this country do depend a lot on these fringe fans; you will find that you can always sell a minimum of 200 copies of any zine, and, generally, fanzine sales vary from about 200 to 750. The extra sales over and above 400-500 usually come from either foreign sales or catching those fringe fans. And there is a problem, that being that most British fanzine editors don't try to sell their fanzines. You see, they feel that they've produced this zine... and that's it, isn't it...?- they go onto the next one and forget about the one that came before, forgetting that unless they sell that one there probably won't be another. Or else they just put advert after advert into the same old zines, trying to reach that niche of fans who simply can't decide whether or not to spend their godforsaken pennies on it, instead of attempting to reach either the international market, or doing a bit more leg-work to achieve better distribution. (The fact that the more financially successful fanzines are all based in London is due to distribution. Look at the following list--all zines are based in or near London.)

Doesn't it seem strange that the majority of regular fanzines in England are adzines? Perhaps market condition or editor expectations are such that an editor believes that they can sell adzines better than any other type of magazine. Or do adzines seem easier to put together? Or have all these other adzines been led by the success of one adzine, thus drawing others into the market? The answer to this question lies somewhere in another article, to be written at another time and at another place.

The second most common category is, strangely enough, the newszine, and, lastly, the general fanzine. There is, I believe, only one of these regular zines.

Adzines and newszines certainly have their limitations. There is always a maximum clientele for such enterprises, limited to the number

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the view from Europe:

Wolf's Old World Report

WOLFGANG FUCHS

Wolfgang Fuchs is a German comics fan and the co-author of COMICS: ANATOMY OF A MASS MEDIA, published by Little, Brown and Company.

Germany, in 1973, is experiencing an unprecedented comics boom that has just about everybody pushing into the market. Comic book sales are now well above the 150,000,000 copies per year mark, yet there still appears to be no end to the sales increase. Overproduction may be just around the corner and this will no doubt slowly but inevitably lead to fierce competition.

This just goes to show that the comics have come a long way in Germany despite a relatively short history. The comic book was not introduced in Germany until after World War Two. To be sure, children's magazines existed before that and there were children's pages with picture-stories, but you could not apply the term 'comics' to them as they were in the tradition of Wilhelm Busch, a German artist, strictly parting picture from text. The biting satire of Busch's MAX UND MORITZ had been watered down to a sugary sweetness of childish pranks. On the other hand, MAX UND MORITZ served as a blueprint for THE KATZENJAMMER KIDS, thus, in a roundabout way, serving as some influence in the development of the comic strip.

In return for this, the American concept of the comics hit Germany around 1949, first with comic strips and then with the comic book, which almost prevented comics of German origin from ever coming into being.

Among the first comic books to go on sale in Germany was MICKY MAUS (MICKEY MOUSE), a German version of WALT DISNEY'S COMICS AND STORIES with Barks' rendition of DONALD DUCK as the lead story.

Other comics were patterned after American strip reprint books or were outright translations of American adventure comics like TOM MIX or SUPERMAN. (SUPERMAN got off to a bad start, however. His magazine folded after three issues with its first try. The second time around the magazine lasted two years or so. He received his third chance in September of 1966 and his book has been on sale ever since.)

Then the first true German comics appeared, notably Rolf Kauka's FIXI UND FOXI and a long line of trashy adventure comics--many of them drawn by a very prolific, but not especially gifted, artist and some imported from Italy.

About 1954, together with the American comics, the wholesale attack on German comics was imported, although none of the horror comics were ever published in German. Many comics disappeared in the vociferous onslaught by getting blacklisted as being obscene or brutal. A blacklisted comic could not be sold or displayed at newsstands and the sale of them to minors was forbidden. There were campaigns to exchange comics for so called "good books". This usually ended with the comics being burned. Finally, opposition to the comics subsided somewhat as a generation that had grown up with comics offered them greater tolerance. Sales went up. The Germans realized that comics can be collected---and that they were not the first to discover this.

It was then tried to start academic discussions and publication of books on the matter of comics in an attempt to catch up with other countries with longer histories in comic books. One of the results of this mass attempt was the forming of INCOS (the Society of people INterested in COmic Strips and books).

Germany's first comicon, which was held April 21-23 this year in Berlin, was arranged by INCOS. And there is still much to be done by INCOS about the wakening interest in comics.

As far as fanzines go, the INCOS newsletter is a step in the right

direction. After all, there are at present ten publishers grinding out comics at an amazing rate. Many, including, of course, all the best selling ones, are published weekly. MICKY MAUS sells about 450,000 copies per week, FIXI UND FOXI about 380,000, and several others more than 100,000.

Appearing out of nowhere in mid-1972 was ZACK, a 52-page weekly devoted mainly to the adventure comics material out of the French magazines PILOTE and the Belgian TINTIN. The circulation of ZACK zoomed in no time from o to more than 500,000 copies per week! Although held in high esteem everywhere else, the material published in ZACK has been the cause of some controversy here.

To add to the amazement that one feels in regard to the high sales figures, take a look at the price tag on comics: The standard 32-page comic book now sells for DM 1.20 (44¢). The larger 52-page comics cost DM 1.50 (55¢). For this kind of money the books are usually printed on paper that is of a higher quality than that used in the U.S.

For an explanation of the high sales figures...for more on ZACK and on other comics published in Germany be sure to tune in for the next episode of WOLF'S OLD WORLD REPORT in the next issue of Etcetera.

Continued next issue.

SELF-ANALYSIS CONT.

cheeked chirrup from a rudely-awakened nesting sparrow.

Inside lay the garment of opal and saffron. The meticulously embroidered silver-chest insignia with its flamboyant "W" sparkled before his eyes.

The crimson cape, the blackened boots, the mauve mask all lay beneath. He knew without looking.

With a slam, he slung down the cover. He was no longer laughing. His lean, pallored fingers beat a strong tattoo against the closed lid.

He felt like a kite out of control. One bereft of hand and string. No emotion; that was the solution.

Straightening himself, he crossed the room to sit in silent ponderousness at his desk. In his mind, he began to prepare the answers to those questions that would almost certainly be asked during tomorrow's interview.

He thought again of the costume hidden within the chest. But this time he smiled; for he was once more in complete control.

"Ho!" he said, half aloud, "If you can't make it as a super-hero; you can always be a psychiatrist."

And laughing, he noted this thought among others that were to follow.

BRITISH FANDOM CONT.

of fans who want to buy and find out about comics; whereas, if a general fanzine is handled properly, it should always interest the strictly comics fans.

Now I should mention the six or seven fanzines that come out regularly in Great Britain. Eligibility for inclusion in this list is 1) at least one issue so far this year and 2) the magazine having at least four issues per year. (I am not going to list any British prices because each fanzine will have it s own air/sea mail rates. So, if you're interested, I'm sure that you'll enquire.)

FANTASY ADVERTISER: This is Britain's original adzine, the one that started the whole ball rolling over here. For almost three years (under the editorship of Frank Dobson) it was Britain's only adzine. FA is TCR-sized (and has been for some amount of time now). It usually runs 30- 50 pages in length. And it is cheap, too. The address is Dez Skinn, 116 Western Road, Goole, Yorks, England.

THING: I haven't seen many copies of this adzine, but it's worth mentioning, as it has been around for quite some time. Now it's FA-sized, but it generally has less pages. The address is Douglas Gifford, 15 Bourne Avenue, Southgate, London N14.

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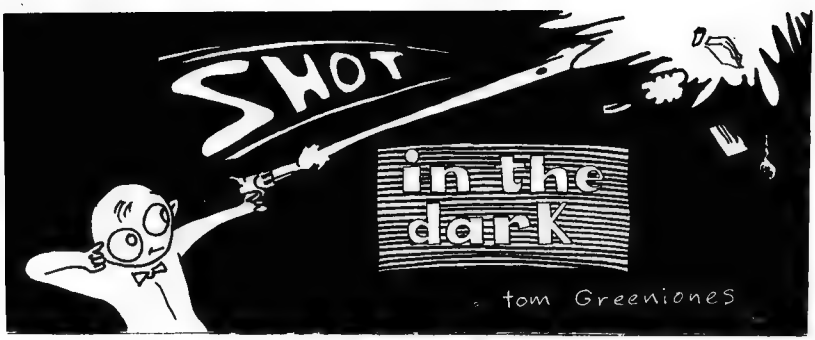


Well, why are we gathered here today? Increasingly in my writing I'm forced away from making criticisms on current stuff, and lead towards trying to convey my historical perspective for viewing the subject of comics. Plenty of fans have opinions on the latest FANTASTIC FOUR and SWAMP THING, but among us there is no solid and broad-based ground for discussion of comics in the abstract. Jim Steranko has done a bang-up job in his histories filling us in on the "what happened" of comics history and quite rightly limits the scope of his book to that end. But no book yet has been heavy on why comics exist, what needs brought them about, the significance of their integration into the culture, and where they are going- if anywhere. Consequently, everybody is entitled to feel they know what comics are "supposed to be". My article on TARZAN in **Etcetera** number 1, where I stated my own prejudices rather strongly, generated some honest to Ptah reader feedback which I was delighted to get. It's always fun to know what other folks think comics "are supposed to be".

There certainly is a lot of confusion on the issue. The general public can be divided into two camps: those who hold their noses at the sight of a comic book, arguing that it's junk and never will be anything more than junk, junk, junk, and those that have some definite sympathy for the medium (read nostalgia in most cases). So who cares about the first group!?...The second group, that's us, likes to argue about what comics are all about and most fans belong to one of two rival camps: those that perceive comics as primarily a literary medium whose pictures are subordinate to text; and those who view comics as primarily a visual medium where words are subordinate to pictures.

The champions of the comics, as a literary form, tend to be critics of despair. They give comics slim hope for ever being a meaningful form of self-expression because of the inherent miemarriage of words and pictures. At best, they will consent to an uneasy living together. The champions of comics as a visual form are into the expressive power of pictures, motion already a pure form or at least as pure as film; the other medium that employs both words and pictures.

The actual evidence for either case is slight. As you plainly learn from Steranko's histories, the great multitude of comics are always hack jobs by the most dispirited and lackluster talents in commercial art. The guiding talents are few and far between. The visually oriented fans are stuck with pointing to comics of 20 years ago and more—to Barks and Kurtzman. While the literary fans have had nothing better to point to than Charles Biro's crime comics until recently. Now they can point to Thomas' adaptations for Marvel which are even commercially successful, for God's sake!

How can we begin to resolve such strife? Is there any place we can get to in our thinking where these matters can be seen in a true light? Yeah... Most critics lack an awareness of the significant tendencies that will determine the outcome. Assessing popular media requires a dynamic concept of culture. The one is the reflection of the other. Both are changing constantly. Let's enter in with some questions. Where do comics place with other artforms? Is there a need for comics to emerge as a major artform at any future time? Or are they already past tense and gone for good? Here is where we need to brush up on our

cultural background. Let's go on a rundown of historical trends and see who salutes.

The most significant aspect of history for thinking about comics, and correct me if I'm wrong, is that our culture is in the process of acquiring new techniques for understanding. Collectively we are learning to discard the old tools and learn to use, and have faith in, more sophisticated tools. What? To be specific, we are switching from intellect and reason to feeling and emotion. In the 1700s, during the French Enlightenment, we reached a climax of skill implementing intellect, reason, empirical logic, and scientific analysis as tools to understanding the universe.The men associated with the Age of Reason: Newton, Voltaire, Condorcet, are all dead now and best forgotten. What we are interested in as media historians is the forms their language took. Ideas and words most conveniently took the form of treatises, essays, polemics, correspondence, novels-- to sum up-- literature.

Since that climax, man, ever on the move, has been moving away from things concentrated in the head, towards bodily sensation, faith, and spirit. Try to imagine the significance of moving from physics to psychology, intellectualization to feeling, static state to movement; and you will begin to see the trend. Again as media historians we observe the new forms created with these new tools. The movement from literature to modern art should be apparent. It occurred mainly in this century. H.G. Wells saw glimmers of the upheaval in his more passionate science fiction of the 1890's (most memorably: A Dream of Armageddon) and the life of Picasso spans the most turbulent years of transition.

Is it possible to pin down the substance of this crucial transition? I think so. Let's try. Obviously there has been a major shift in the forms of expression. This can be explained by technology. Granted, no one had movie cameras and movie projectors in the 18th century. All they had was quill pens and paper. But technology too is only a reflection of what is going on in the total environment. The real content of shifting media can best be seen in the light of changing needs. Words and pictures have their own unique communicative strengths that make each more or less appropriate vehicles depending on what needs are paramount. Perhaps we had best pin down the contrasting strengths of words and pictures first.

The communicative strength of words is in their capacity to string out feelings sepearately end to end in quite an orderly line. This way, complexity can be broken down systematicly into component parts for leisurely analysis. The total experience can be reconstructed by adding the components up and reading the sum.

The communicative strength of pictures is in their inherent organicness. Inevitably there is a multitude of effects taking place simultaneously. There may be much overlapping and many confused impressions, but this ambiguity lends a depth and emotional intensity that comes closer to how we actually experience life.

This brings us back to what actual need caused words to be displaced by pictures as the major form of expression. Quite simply the answer must be truth. Why not exercise forms that more naturally express how we experience life? As the mass of people become better educated and develop a common consciousness, their ability to extract meaning from more sophisticated forms grows also.

We are still in transition. The trend is easily seen in the shifting heirarchy of mass media. Media that are strongly rooted to the literary past are gradually being superceded by media strongly tied to the visual future: universities to work study programs, lectures to seminars, newspapers to TV, books to magazines, novels to film. In the last ten years we have certainly gained momentum. Encounter groups, sensitivity training, contemporary music, E.S.P. training are very accelerated forms pointing the way from literal/objective reality towards visual/subjective reality.

In addition to all the above nonsense comics are undergoing another upheaval. Only in the last couple years have they caught up to the present after being fettered to the morbid past for 25 years. So now we can see side by side comics that represent both ends of the spectrum of transition; comics that are tied to the literary past and comics tied to the visual future. Hence, CONAN and TARZAN.

Personal letters invited: Tom Greeniones, 4624 Chester Ave. Philadelphia, Pennslyvania, 19143.

COME INTO THE LIGHT, O CONAN IMITATORS

PAUL BRIDGE

This time around we're going to take a quick, perhaps even deliberately inadequate, look at some of the more widely known and popular imitations (or inspired competitors?) of Robert E. Howard's CONAN the Cimmerian. Now, if some (probably all) of the characters and books which are about to be examined are not exactly new to your experience--well, don't blame me! The editor of this pamphlet wanted me to review characters and books that were drenched in popularity---besides (says he), this is supposed to be a character study of various sword & sorcery heroes and not a real review anyway, and since the readers of this pamphlet probably never picked up a book that was devoid of pictures in their entire lives, and since they probably won't read your column anyway, why worry? Indeed. (Editor's Note: Only kidding, folks! Heh-heh!)

Now, let us consider one THONGOR the barbarian, the creation of one Lin Carter. Several of Mr. Carter's THONGOR books have been reissued by Berkley not too long ago, and one of these was "The Wizard of Lemuria", which was altered to THONGOR And The Wizard of Lemuria for this new revised edition. This novel is rather interesting, exciting, crudely colorful, and, to describe it simply, one could say that it concerns a Howardian hero in a basically Howardian situation with overtones of Burroughs---a description which even Mr. Carter himself (in his introduction to CONAN The Buccaneer, Lancer Books, 1971, Pg. 15) up to a point, has adhered to.

The plot: THONGOR, a mercenary soldier, must flee the city of Thurdis after killing his commanding officer, and from there tangles with a few monstrousities in a rather hostile jungle. He then encounters a wizard who has a mission for him, pits himself against a few more beasts, including serpents with the heads of women, rescues Princess What's-Her-Name from the Bad Guys, and finishes off the really bad Bad Guy with a magic sword.

Neat, huh? Original, huh? Not really, but who cares? It's still not a bad job. Perhaps it follows a little too closely along the lines of the classic sword & sorcery epics, but Mr. Carter does know his Howard and Burroughs and manages to produce a neat adventure in their tradition. You even get caught up in the sheer gusto of a fan imitating the masters---though, as mentioned before, perhaps too closely. Even though this novel has been revised by a more experienced Mr. Carter, one who can see that more imaginative imitation went into it rather than imaginative imagination. But, nevertheless, its still a pretty good effort, worth at least a look from any insatiable sword & sorcery fan.

Mr. Carter includes at the end of the novel a time-chart of the major events that took place in the imaginary world he has created--- though it is a bit vague, especially to those who have not read the later books in the THONGOR series.

Mr. Carter's second THONGOR novel, "THONGOR of Lemuria", changed to THONGOR and The Dragon City for this revised edition, seems to have a little more variety than the previous one. There is a lot more jumping around between menaces and monsters in the Burroughs tradition, and the whole thing moves very fast so that you almost fail to notice that you've seen some of this stuff before. But it's a good, sturdy adventure, rich in action and color--though handled rather simply.

THONGOR and friend encounter seadragons, cannibal trees, and beastmen before they are captured by the Bad Guys. From there THONGOR finds himself opposite a leprous mad torturer, and a giant (and very hideous) worm before escaping and getting involved with another bad guy who feeds on blood in one of those wonderful lost cities. Then our barbarian gets back in time to finish off the other Bad Guy with the aid of a magnetic ray and then marries Princess What's-Her-Name.

In this one,Mr. Carter pays ultra nice homage to Howard (the encounter with the giant worm---any Robert E. Howard fan will tell you where that came from) and Burroughs (the Lost City of Omm with its walking dead men and mad genius).

Also included at the back of this novel is a glossary of Lemurian words: really an ultra small textbook that fills us in on some of the weird creatures, plants, races,and even customs that THONGOR, one way or another, tangles with on the decidedly hostile continent of Lemuria. True, many of the words and terms are to be found in the novel itself, and when THONGOR has a fight with a dragon or something we have no need for further elaboration to tell us that it is a dragon. But Mr. Carter's own delight with the imaginary world he has created is passed on to us by way of these "notes" he has conveniently provided, and they do inject some verisimilitude into the scheme of things--besides whetting our appetites for more of the same. Something about capsule descriptions of exotic things makes them even more exotic probably because the impression we receive is vague---and we want more. And of course Mr. Carter does go on to create more adventures for THONGOR, presumably adding new bits of detail and myth to his Lemurian world and elaborating on what he has already produced---though I've never gotten around to reading these other adventures, mainly because they are a bit difficult to obtain. So you'll just have to wait for me to get around to them, like a good stoic heroic fantasy fan---or better yet, track them down yourself...

As for THONGOR...as for a character study of the fellow... what can I say? Heroic fantasy heroes are not noted for their intricate personalities. They are men of action, and what better comment can I make about THONGOR of Lemuria other than that he has seen his share of action--- though he is not particularly outstanding among his heroic fantasy brothers. But, at least THONGOR is right up there with the best of them--- crude, courageous, resourceful, efficient, and endowed with an uncanny ability for stumbling upon menace after deliciously gruesome menace. Would you want it any other way?

Next we must consider the adventures of one BRAK the barbarian. In BRAK THE BARBARIAN VERUS THE SORCERESS (Paperback Library), BRAK, logically enough, does encounter a vile sorceress--- not to mention a supernatural (and quite viscious) dog by the name of Scarletjaw (any relation to the INHUMANS' LOCKJAW?). From there he battles something called a manworm, is attacked by bats in the sorceress' dungeons, and in the end succeeds in destroying the sorceress (and pet) and in thwarting the plans of that evil god of menace, Yob-Haggoth.

THONGOR is Copyright (c) 1973 by Marvel Comics

Yes, yes, sounds familiar, I know, but this one moves very swiftly and is nicely inventive. It is an excellent example of how those old heroic fantasy plots can be reworked into something new and exciting--- providing you have an author, such as John Jakes, the creator of BRAK, doing the reworking. The manworm sequence, although its basic idea is the old man vs. monster bit, is breathtaking and masterfully handled. Shrewd pacing, interesting obstacles for BRAK to overcome, and tight but never strained manipulation of events and characters make a good adventure.

The next BRAK adventure, BRAK THE BARBARIAN VERSUS THE MARK OF THE DEMONS (also from Paperback Library) , is an excellent follow-up to the one mentioned above. In this one BRAK encounters a pair of sinister twins, a caravan filled with stock yet interesting characters, a mysterious supernatural-vampire force that is whittling down the members of said caravan, desert raiders whose custom is to gouge out an eye when they reach manhood and replace it with a ruby, a superstrong giant with two

rubies for eyes, and a pulse-pounding climax that makes up for this BRAK novel not having a Frazetta cover like the last one.

In this novel Mr. Jakes has provided us with some of the classic heroic fantasy ideas---but served in a cloak of rich inventiveness. The simple episodic storyline has a force to it which pulls you along, pulls you deeper into the deliciously sinister goings-ons. The somewhat familiar story has a vitality almost equal to that possessed by BRAK himself--- Mr. Jakes' skillful control of his novel ensures that. The suspense, when the storyline calls for it, never sags but holds up like a steel bar due to Jakes' meticulous but swift detail in setting up such moments of danger. Yes, yes, we have here a great skill weaving a strangely simple but wild tapestry.

FAFHRD and THE GRAY MOUSER are Copyright (c) 1973 by NPP

Next we come to the adventures of FAFHRD and the GRAY MOUSER, Fritz Leiber's unique and strangely lovable sword and sorcery heroes. We're going to take a look at the second book in Ace's FAFHRD and The MOUSER series, SWORDS AGAINST DEATH--- the only one, believe it or not, I've been able to find. Now I will name each of the ten stories contained in this volume one by one---with an ultra short description of the plot. I do this in order to give you a proper idea of what is going on in this epic non-novel and in order to run up my word count.

I- THE CIRCLE CURSE---In which FAFHRD and the MOUSER try to forget their dead girl friends by traveling Leiber's eerily exotic world of Nehwon--- in two pages of a twelve page story.

II- THE JEWELS IN THE FOREST-- In which our heroes are after a treasure which is guarded by a <u>really</u> unique sentinel.

III- THIEVES' HOUSE- FAFHRD and the MOUSER battle the thieves of Lankmar for possession of the jeweled skull of Ohmphal.

IV- THE BLEAK SHORE- Of the curious way in which our heroes are kidnaped by an evil force.

V- THE HOWLING TOWER-- Our heroes meet an old man who is haunted by fear--- and many ferocious spirits.

VI- THE SUNKEN LAND-- FAFHRD and the MOUSER encounter pirates and some horrors from the ocean floor.

VII- THE SEVEN BLACK PRIESTS- Our heroes stumble upon a great treasure and its seven deadly protectors.

VIII- CLAWS FROM THE NIGHT-Remember Hitchcock's <u>The Birds</u>...?

IX- THE PRICE OF PAIN-EASE- This time our heroes take on Death personified.

X- BAZAAR OF THE BIZARRE- FAFHRD and the MOUSER vs. the Devourers and their Little Shop of Junk...

The plots Mr. Leiber provides for his heroes are basically the classic sword and sorcery stuff-- but said plots, when turned into complete stories, often do not appear so familiar. The answer to this is Leiber's style-- his wonderful, satirical, delicately imaginative style. This style permeates each story on all its levels-- plot, characterization, background, narration, etc.-- and pulls us along into his private world of Nehwon. Yet at the same time we are pulled into the stories, we still possess a kind of detachment--- we don't feel that close to FAFHRD and the MOUSER, no matter how "lovable" they may be. Again, perhaps it is because of Mr. Leiber's style: all knowing, affectionate (to his characters) but tongue-in-cheek narrator. Nevertheless, the finished stories are small gems possessing a strange attraction.

Aside from the fact that FAFHRD is a coarse barbarian and the MOUSER a shrewd, slippery rascal, I think I've pinpointed the uniqueness, the fragiley exotic quality that makes them so delightful to sword & sorcery readers. Leiber's style is what makes the stories, but FAFHRD and the MOUSER are made lifelike and entertaining by their sense of humor. Yes, that's it, a sense of humor. True, other sword and sorcery heroes have no aversion to laughter.

CONT. ON PG. 20

Duffy's Tavern

DUFFY VOHLAND, PROPRIETOR

Uh...it's me again. Sorry I missed last ish (I am-- you're probably not); hopefully it won't happen again. (It'd better not--people are beginning to call me "the Neal Adams of fandom". Not because of any artistic ability I might have; rather, because I'm constantly missing deadlines!)

Is there something wrong with me? (Shut up! I heard that!) I mean is it a sin of some sort to buy Charlton comics? It would seem so, the way some people talk! Anyway, I've got a couple ideas on how to improve the fan-status of "the company that nobody loves."

Of course, it was great when Dick Giordano was editor and they were publishing their super-hero mags. Now, however, I just buy their mystery titles. They aren't bad--but they're not that great, either. Something in one of the more recent books--MIDNIGHT TALES #3--has really "stimulated my imagination," and I'm hoping it's more than just idle talk on their part. To get into the thing, I'd like to quote a portion of one of the LoC's in #3's "Midnight Mails" column and the editor's subsequent reply:

"How about some super- heroes? During its short time, I really enjoyed the new BLUE BEETLE and the QUESTION. Super-heroes are the only thing your company is missing.

Sincerely,
Randy Heaps"

To which they replied:

"Okay, Randy, so we have to admit, you're not the first of our readers to ask us about super-heroes. Charlton wants to give you all what you enjoy and demand; therefore we promise to work on it."

Now, while I'm not sure of the sincerity of their answer, at least it's a step in the right direction. Naturally, I've got a couple suggestions as to who they should revive and all:

1. SPOOKMAN- In all probability, there are very few of you who remember this character. That's understandable, though, since his only appearance was as the star of a short story in the first ish of the long defunct CHARLTON PREMIERE. The premise of the strip went something like this:

In his real-life identity, SPOOKMAN was sort of a rich soldier of fortune who charged exorbitant prices to locate valuable antiques and objects d'art for clients. Now what better way to do it than to travel back into time to the period when the artpiece came into being? He accomplished this by the use of a mystic medallion (see illo) which also transformed him from a normal looking man (as "normal-looking" as a man could be with Pat Boyette drawing him, that is) to the hideous creature known as SPOOKMAN. (Anybody getting scared yet?) His origin and powers were never actually explained but all of the above was relatively easy to figure out.

ABOVE: Unknown to Duffy at the time he wrote this installment of "DT", Charlton already has a new super-hero book in the works, E-MAN!

I think the time-traveling aspect of this strip could make for some very good adventures. And, of course, because of the mystical

overtones, and SPOOKY's "hideous" looks, the series would most likely sell on today's weird-oriented market.

2. NIGHTSHADE- I think NIGHTSHADE, Paty and Bette Midlrt are my three favorite females; so naturally I'd like to have them around all the time! And, I think I've come up with a way to get at least one of'em NIGHTIE (think about that nickname!) in a strip of her own and make it saleable. (I don't think fandom could stand a book called "The Life and Loves (The VISION, ELRIC, MR. SPOCK,...) of Paty"; it'd probably be crazier than PLOP!).

Anyway, as you may or may not remember, NIGHTIE (there it is again!) originally came from another dimension. (Her origin was never completely revealed; so that could be the first "assignment" for the writer.) And, there were all sorts of hints in her old strip (er, as in series, that is...) about all the menaces and such that were lurking in her home-world-dimension. So, can you imagine how all the little kiddies would flock (well, maybe not flock, exactly...) to the stands to buy her book if they saw all kinds of monsters and wet-nasties all over the covers? Of course you can!

Oh, and since Jim Aparo (who drew her old solo...uh...feature, as you may recall) seems to be more than happy at DC, Charlton could have Joe Stanton draw the series. He seems to have a very...er...unusual style that would suit NIGHTIE's (Argh!) otherworld background beautifully.

3-5) Then they could also try

BELOW: Gary Kato and Duffy Vohland's rendition of SPOOKMAN.

SPOOKMAN Copyright (c) 1967 by Charlton Comics

turning CAPTAIN ATOM into a planet-hopper, encountering all sorts of weird civilizations in his space travels. *Or, revive the QUESTION and somehow turn him into a PHANTOM STRANGER/mysterious type character. *Or, revive HERCULES as a sword & sorcery strip. *Or,...but I think you get the idea.

So, if you like any of these ideas, or have others you think are as good or better, I'd like to hear from you. And, I'd also like you to let Charlton know, naturally. (Obviously, the more people they hear from, the better chance there'd be of their actually publishing some super-hero stuff.)

Wow! To say the response to my "DT" in Etcetera #1 was good would be putting it mildly. Thanx, people and keep it up!!! I've received some comments from a couple of peopl that I think you'll find worth reading:

Len Wein-"That bit about my killing off one of the JLA members was put to me by someone at a convention and I said I might think about it--but by no means would GREEN ARROW be the hero to perish. That dude is my absolute favorite JLAer; the group wouldn't be the same without him. As for knocking anybody else off, I doubt it. For one,Julie Schwartz would probably kill me if I did. For two, I really like all the JLAers (to one degree or another) and I'd miss them if they went. *Kill HAL JORDAN and replace him with JOHN STEWART? The idea is interesting and has some merit. I, for one, would like to see more black heroes up at National, but I'm not really in a position at the moment to instigate it myself without causing all sorts of complications; i.e. GL's own strip is only a back-up in the FLASH. Is there enough space in such a feature to present an entirely new personality (STEWART's) and make the readers at large accept him without sacrificing the "required" number of action-pages in each story? Remember, the personality of HAL JORDAN has taken better than ten years to firm itself up, and that was with a full book published eight times a year for most of its life. Besides, I really love the way Giordano and Dillon draw the blasted character. What I might do (if I can convince Julie to go along with me) is incapacitate JORDAN for an ish and let STEWART take his place. We can let reader-reaction dictate our directions from there. (Sorry, by the way, no ANIMAL MAN in the JLA but I am thinking about using him somehow.)"

Jim Major- "About your GREEN LANTERN suggestion: It doesn't bother me that you propose killing off GL. It doesn't bother me that you propose replacing him with JOHN STEWART --I think it's about time DC gave us a black super-hero anyway! No, what does bother me is how DC would handle such a character.

"With a few notable exceptions, (ENEMY ACE, GL/GA), DC is not known for their character development. If DC handled JOHN STEWART in the same way they're currently handling most of their white super-heroes, I'd say forget it! (I'd rather not see the book come out. The mere fact that JOHN STEWART would be a black super-hero would not make the book, as you said, "unique". At least not as far as I'm concerned. I would consider it no more than tokenism on DC's part. We have enough of that already!

"If you stop and think about it, if such a book came out and all it had going for it was the "color bit", I don't think it would deserve the support of the readers and it would probably fail. Let me rephrase that: It would probably fail as far as the black comic reader is concerned. Why? Well, let me give you an example:

"Do you recall the 'Julia' program on TV of a few years back? Well, that show failed in the black community because it did not truly reflect the world as seen thru the eyes of a black woman. You never saw Julia with curlers in her hair; she always spoke the most proper English at all times; she was always immaculate in her dress, etc. Actually all 'Julia' represented was your typical white situation-comedy, the only difference being the "color bit.

"Sanford And Son", on the other hand, enjoys a very high rating and is enjoyed by all the black people I know who watch it. 'S and S' tells it like it is. They get down, man!

"Back to the subject at hand, Marvel is making a good showing with their black super-heroes, the FALCON, the BLACK PANTHER, and LUKE CAGE.

"The writing on LUKE CAGE is

pretty good, although I see a lot of room for improvement. With the first couple of issues, Archie Goodwin put down a good solid format; but since Steve Englehart has taken over, the quality of the stories has gone down.

"Another point to consider besides the writing (in any attempt to produce a quality black super-hero comic), is the artwork. Let's face it, as far as Marvel is concerned, LUKE CAGE is a second-rate book. You can always tell by the artwork, and the artwork on LC leaves a lot to be desired. Can you imagine how good the book would be if it was drawn by, say, Neal Adams? George Tuska just doesn't (and probably never will) draw black people realistically. Take any white person drawn by Tuska, color his face brown (or muddy green, as in the most recent issue (#10) of LC), draw an Afro on his head and--Presto!--instant black man!

"I think you would agree with me on the point that most artists can not draw all types of strips. For instance, one artist might be good on humor, but no good on horror, etc. I think Marvel and DC should start asking themselves this question more often---namely: Is this artist right for the strip?

"Anyway, despite its short comings, I still think LUKE CAGE has a lot more to offer than just the "color bit". All of which brings us back to GL and DC. Who would write the series? Who would draw it? What would be the direction of the character? These are questions that would have to be dealt with beforehand.

"As I've said before, sure I'd like to see DC with a black superhero strip, but not something that's thrown together in a haphazard manner to make a buck or simply because of the novelty of it.

"Only when DC or Marvel lavish the care and attention on their black super-heroes that they do on CONAN or SWAMP THING will we get a book that we can all be proud of."

Whew! Jim really knocked me over with his LoC---which was 11 handwritten pages long in total. He had some good points and a couple that I didn't quite agree with. Like: 1. There are only so many artists of the calibre of Adams in comics. And, they can handle only so many titles. That leaves a lot of books on the market that have to be drawn by someone. 2. I have always felt this was Steve Englehart's weakest book. I'd rather see him tackle IRON MAN. 3. George Tuska doesn't draw anybody realistically. His art has long been charicaturistic looking---whether intentional or not.

And, of course, I was very happy, to say the least, to hear Len Wein's comments (even if Howard Siegel and I are the only two people who want to see ANIMAL MAN revived--or so it seems).

I guess that brings us to the end of another Duffy's Tavern. (I can hear all the cheers now.) As always, I want to hear from all of you about anything and everything. (And PK, let's see if it increases my number of responses by printing my address at the end of this thing--Hokay?)

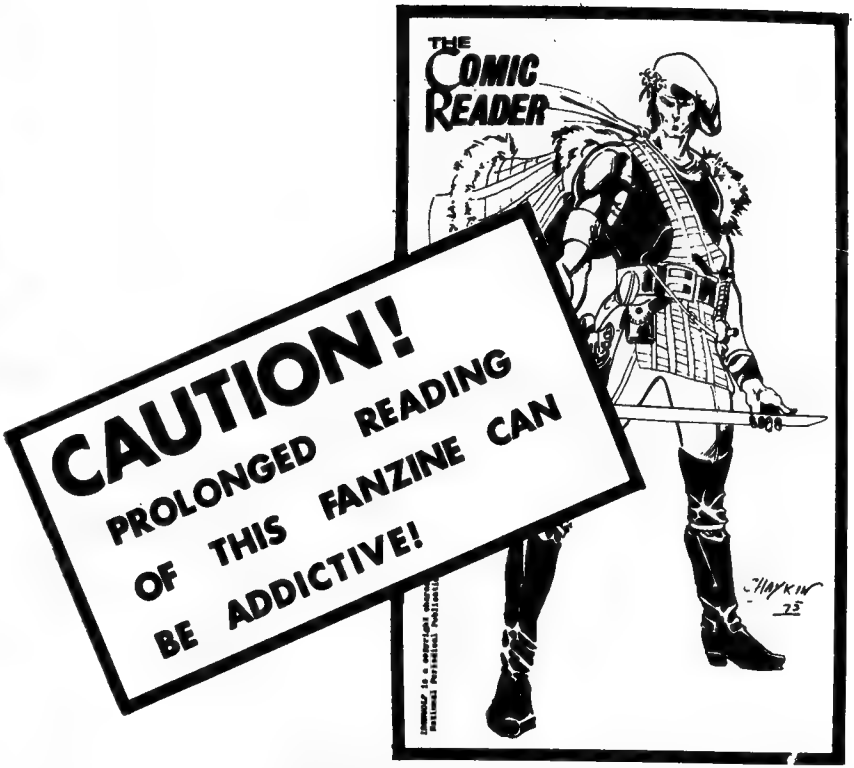
So, let me leave you with this final thing: "Good morning. Have you used Pears' Soap?"

PAX! And up your A-MAN!

Duffy Vohland
165 Center Street
East Liverpool, Ohio
43920.

CONAN IMITATORS CONT.

CONAN and his hord of fellow barbarians laugh most when they're fighting, and they're almost always fighting. But involved in this sense of humor that they possess is the joyful clash of their different personalities. Of course Howard would often have some other barbarian or some city-chief join CONAN on an adventure, but it was obvious that CONAN was the star from the first. FAFHRD and the MOUSER both share the spotlight; they're a good team. But perhaps they wouldn't be so enjoyable on their own... Hmm... Yes, I think Leiber wrote a few stories about FAFHRD and the MOUSER before they met... Yes, I think those stories might be found in the first volumn in the series released by Ace, SWORDS AND DEVILTRY... Yes, definitely worth lookinh into... If I can find that elusive volume...



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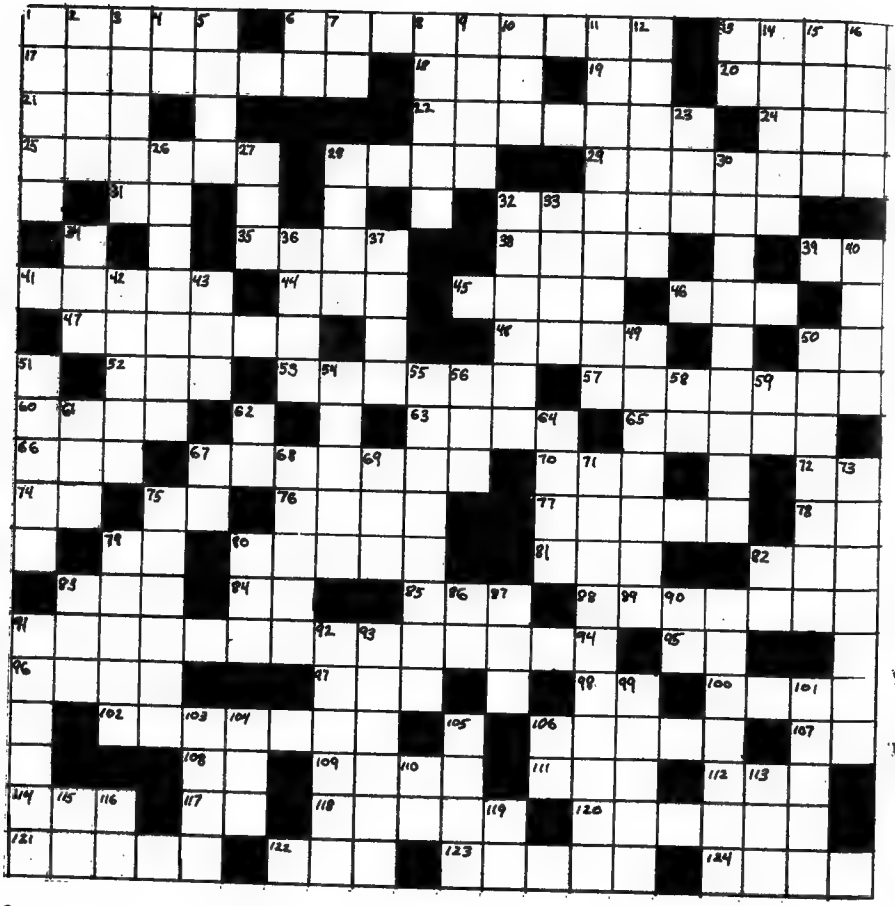
by BOB ROZAKIS



ACROSS

1 Martha's maiden name
6 Peter Parker
13 Thor's brother
17 Cowboy Cassidy
18 Tom Fagan's night
19 Bond foe
20 FOOM is one
21 Captain Carter
22 Blind doctor
24 South Long Island (ab)
25 Blackhawk base
28 Clown
29 Captain, Mary, & Jr.
31 Fiction detective's initials
32 Hero with stellar rod
35 Selina Kyle's pets
38 _____Moley!
39 Reed, Ben & Co. (ab)
41 Lord of Hidden Land
44 Batman won't use one
45 What Supey protects Lois from
46 Where heroes fly
47 Salad vegetable
48 Ark builder
50 Opposite of DC
52 Mr. Palmer
53 Archer
57 Spectre's job in his last issue
60 Trumpet
63 Radio station owner
65 Planet editor
66 Yoko
67 Newsboys & Super-heroes
70 _____ & Meek
72 Marvel Editor (ab)
74 About
75 Therefore
76 Overwhelming defeat
77 Ms Brant's fiancee
78 ____botman
79 ____arlton Comics
80 Barsoomian lion
81 Clever
82 Katar
83 One of Hulk's four
84 "Do_____ I do..."
85 Journey _____Mystery
88 Comes in
91 Cap's forte (2 wds)
95 Exclamation
96 Fantasy author
97 Tharks come from it
98 Mr Binder's initials
100 Adventure_____Fear
102 DC hero/Marvel villain
106 Mr Wayne
107 ____ vay!
108 Kubert ass't (ab)
109 Door to heaven
111 Kookie
112 Moving truck
114 Floor cleaner
117 Superman __ Action
118 Speak
120 Strangest
121 Cap's foe
122 Turkish hat
123 Mr O'Neil
124 Stain

DOWN

1 Mr Chance
2 Reporter Lane
3 Granma's pies
4 Sun god
5 Ku Klux _____
6 ___apper Carr
7 Pro Goflers (ab)
8 Etrigan
9 Villainous
10 ___ Tornado
11 '60s Strange Adv. hero
12 _____ public
13 Hero for Hire initials
14 Superman's pal
15 King of Atlantis
16 Invincible magician
23 Long-t_____ loans
26 King of the sea
27 Clark Savage Jr
28 Schwartz sci-fi mag
30 Norse sirens
32 The She-Devil
33 Torch's sidekick
34 Greer Nelson
36 The sailor (2 wds)
37 Miss White
40 Two- or Clay-
42 The Spanish Fox
43 Golden Age hero
49 Once Goliath
50 The horror (2 wds)
51 Mitey
54 A new god
55 Ted Sallis
56 Mr Scott's
58 Blood factor
59 Men ___ work
61 Single
62 Myself
64 Mr Bridwell
67 ___ and behold
68 Lawn
69 Not in
71 Torch's foe
73 Writer in Gremiln's home land
75 Queen of the Jungle
79 Change
80 Not good
82 Him
83 Conan ___ Barbarian
86 No good (ab)
87 A Metal Man
89 Not yes
90 Crooks
91 Johnny and Sue
92 Justice _____
93 Krazy's friend
94 Batman's police pal
99 Chum
101 Kemo Sabey's friend
103 Tack
104 The elder Mr. Reid
105 Act
106 __ware the Monsters!
110 Robin, Speedy, et al (ab)
113 Cleopatra's snake
115 Alright
116 Smelly
119 About

ANSWERS IN THE NEXT ISSUE OF ETCETERA.

THE Wandering FAN

TONY ISABELLA

For several weeks now, ever since I promised Paul Kupperberg that I'd start contributing a regular column to Etcetera,fandom's answer to Lance Loud has been asking me, "What are you gonna call it? The Wandering Pro?"

Nope.

I'm still very much a fan,people. I still dislike any bad writing or art I see in comics, even more so when it's in a title Marvel publishes. I still think pretty much the way I did when I was in Cleveland. (However, it must be noted that I was--- to quote my editor, friend, and a fine person in his own right, Roy Thomas-- a bit more commercially-minded than most fans. Working for the best selling line of comics in the world has given me more insight into the field, but basically, I haven't changed. I'm still a fan and we'll have no more silliness about the title of this column, PK. Let's get on with the article.

PK, it should be mentioned, is expecting the first part in a two-issue article on the British weeklies I produce for Stan Lee. Or, at least, an introspective analysis of my various writings for professional comics, magazines, and (shudder!) agencies. Wrong again, grasshopper!

For no reason, other than I've just spent a half an hour discussing it with friend Tony Tollin, I'm going to write about the longest running gang-bang in the history of comics... Julie Schwartz's JUSTICE LEAGUE OF AMERICA.

(With that sentence, it should be known, I've hooked the attention of Len Wein. Len has publicly threatened my life because of a crack I made about his Lou Costello voice in TALES OF THE ZOMBIE #2. Why a guy with a wife like Glynis cares about his squeaky voice I don't know, but I'm a firm believer in "getting them before they get you." Marv Wolfman, take warning!)

(In case you haven't been paying attention, by the way, I've dropped four names and wasted 304 words just getting to the meat of this column.)

I like the JUSTICE LEAGUE OF AMERICA and its predecessor, the JUSTICE SOCIETY OF AMERICA. However, the JSA had one advantage over the JLA. Substandard super-heroes were usually shipped out as soon as they overstayed their welcome. Thus far, the JLA has been far too lenient in handing out walking papers. Basically, I am going to do a very fan-type thing and run down the JLA membership roster and tell you which characters I think should be given the intergalactic ax.

AQUAMAN- I like AQUAMAN. Really. In my estimation, Dick Giordano, Steve Skeates, and Jim Aparo made this character a top contender for the first and only time in his career. But he's so out-of-place in a land situation. I'd restrict his appearances to occasional guest shots. And not just in the JUSTICE LEAGUE.

THE ATOM- This is one hero I grew tired with after about five issues. My interest revived briefly at various times. Gar Fox and Denny O'Neil did some good stories with him. And I absolutely loved MAJOR MYNAH. But he's no good,people. I mean, I can beat the guy with a well placed rubber band. If he ever gets drunk at a JLA-JSA party, that's it! The first polluted hero that hits the floor will reduce him to ATOM-spit!

BATMAN- "The" BATMAN, as his friends call him,is what I would call a perfect JLA member. His leadership qualities are obvious. He silently portrays the "normal man" among supermen and he comes out points ahead. He's been shown as a serious man, seldom frivolous. The backbone of the LEAGUE.

BLACK CANARY- I'm less than enchanted with this character. She's a dumb broad, too prone to tears. Serious work needs to be done before she shapes up as a good member.

ELONGATED MAN- I'm told Len Wein added RALPH DIBNY for some comedy relief. Len, you're pretty close to being a genius. No other character could work as well in this respect. It's been tried with the ATOM and

SNAPPER CARR and failed. Score one for the Costello impersonator!

FLASH- Here's a character who has a power that enables him to do a lot of very exciting visual things. Unfortunately, BARRY ALLEN and the FLASH are both extremely dull people. Really. Try to imagine yourself having a conversation with BARRY ALLEN. He'd bore me to tears! Equally unfortunately, I don't think anything can be done with him. I have this secret urge, though, to find out he's been cheating on Iris. Anything to make him less of the walking Sominex tablet he currently is.

GREEN ARROW- Here's where Len really starts paying attention, mostly because he knows how I feel about this character. To quote Los Angeles fan Phil Castora: "Would somebody please drive a stake through GREEN ARROW's heart, cut off his head, and stuff the mouth with garlic? Please!!" It's my opinion that GA's usefulness ended with the conclusion of "And Through Him Save a World." At that point, GREEN ARROW had fully matured into a thinking and questioning adult. He no longer needs, nor does the JLA need, to put up with this walking mental basket case. I wouldn't advise a stake through the heart, but seeing GA go out in a flash of glory wouldn't bother me at all.

GREEN LANTERN- Another perfect member, whether the role is filled by HAL JORDAN or JOHN STEWART. Both are interesting characters. Both do exciting, visual things. Both rank high among my personal favorites.

HAWKMAN- A near-perfect member. HAWKMAN's a very visual character and his use of ancient weapons could be utilized to similar effect. He's intelligent and resourceful.

MARTIAN MANHUNTER- My personal feeling is that JOHN CARTER would make a better JLA member than J'ONN J'ONZZ. In fact, DEJAH THORIS would make a better JLA member than J'ONN J'ONZZ. And more visually exciting, to boot.

METAMORPHO- Despite some personal reservation, I feel that the ELEMENT MAN would make a good JLA member. He's got an interesting personality and a visual super-power. I hope to see more of him. (Whatta ya say, Costello?)

PHANTOM STRANGER- Len handled the STRANGER's first meeting with the JLA perfectly, and, I hope, set the tone for any future meetings. The STRANGER shouldn't appear with the JLA, but should be in evidence occasionally.

RED TORNADO- Sorry, gang, but it has all been done before and better in the AVENGERS. The TORNADO is a lackluster character at best. When he was on Earth-2, I thought he was an overplayed member of the JSA. Guess what he is now?

SNAPPER CARR- Yeah, I know he's only an ex-honorary member, but I'd like to see him back, solve his personal hang-ups, and perhaps appear frequently as a supporting member. SNAPPER, even at his worst, adds a human element to the JLA.

SUPERMAN- Another one of those perfect members. He's an excellent team man who respects the abilities of other members, even though they are physically weaker than he is. The qualities that have enabled the greatness of SUPERMAN to survive years of continued mishandling are the qualities that make him so well suited to JLA membership.

WONDER WOMAN- There's no evidence that WONDER WOMAN would be a good JLA member now that her powers have returned. Certainly Bob Kanigher's current scripts don't indicate it. However, there must be something that has kept this character alive for so many years. If Len could discover it, the AMAZON PRINCESS would be a colorful and welcome addition to the JLA.

For the most part, Len Wein--- comic's second best writer--- is doing a brilliant job on the JUSTICE LEAGUE. He's brought vitality to the book. He's done some very entertaining stories and excellent characterization. In fact, some bits he's got in the latest JLA--- "Crisis on Earth-Nazi"--- may even make me like GREEN ARROW, though I doubt it. In fact, I have so much respect for what Len's doing that I won't even suggest the VIGILANTE and ZATANNA for possible membership. I'm sure he'll get around to it. He might even bring back the CREEPER and do him right. Enough compliments directed toward the Wein kid. I wouldn't want him to start thinking he has no faults. After all, there is still that matter of the Lou Costello voice. Who's on first, Len?

(Confession-time: Len does not really have a Lou Costello voice. It just happened to be the first thing that came into the writer's mind when he was writing the BROTHER VOODOO series. So sue me!)

CONT. ON PG. 32

LUNACON-1973

LUNACON '73

APRIL 20-22

con report

BY ROBERT McWALTERS

LunaCon 1973 was scheduled to open at 12:00, but, in reality, it opened closer to 2:00. Unlike most conventions, registration took only a period of about five minutes.

The opening panel was called How Do You Draw The Line Between SF And Fantasy? It was moderated by Fred Lerner and had Virginia Carew, Veronica M.S. Kennedy, William H.J., Kennedy, and Sanford Zane Meschkow. All have a high degree in English, one is an Assistant Professor of English, another served 10 years as an editor for Funk and Wagnalls, but all in all, the discussion was quite boring, mainly because it consisted of an argument in semantics.

The next panel was headed by John J. Pierce and was titled Opinion. Mr. Pierce has published the fanzine Renaissance for the past four years and is a reviewer for Luna Monthly. At this event, members of the audience were invited to suggest the names of authors or titles of stories, and Mr. Pierce made comment on those familiar to him.

Next, at around 4:30, Harlan Ellison, who, I might add, was the guest of honor for this year's convention, read from his work in a panel appropriately titled Harlan Ellison Reads From His Works. The main point of this panel, to me, was to try to see into his personality and I must say what I saw seemed quite pleasant. He appeared to be a trifle tempermental, but in a way that seemed both good and bad.

Nothing on the agenda until around 9:00, at which time a Meet the Authors Party was scheduled where both hard and soft drinks were sold. It was quite good, although I must admit I would have enjoyed it better if it was Comic Con-Meet the Authors Party.

The first day had many good points, but, then again, it had a number of bad ones, and the second day would prove a little more interesting.

The second day of Lunacon-1973 started smoothly with the first panel at 11:00 called Beyond The Program: An Introduction to SF Conventions For New Attendees. It was a fan panel moderated by Brian Burley, who has attended over 60 SF conventions. Also on the panel were Hal Clement, Elliot Shorter, and Jon Singer. Not the most interesting of panels, but quite informative and good for the newcomers in the audience.

Next came a film called New Directions in Science Fiction. It was given to the convention courtesy of the University of Kansas and James Gunn, the film's producer. It was a film in which Guest of Honor Harlan Ellison (who, according to the program book and himself, "will be seeing the film for the first time"). He "conducts a seminar and describes science fiction as a street fiction, a fiction of the people, with a mission and a message, and answers questions from James Gunn and other seminar participants." The film was intentionally funny with things added, unknown to Harlan Ellison, such as when he mentions a book off the top of his head the book just happens to be right at hand. Ellison commented on it after it was over and mentioned that it was a little out of date (it was originally made in 1970).

At about 2:15, a panel titled Why Has There Never Been A Popular Best-seller In The "True" SF Genre? The panel consisted of Lester del Rey, Harlan Ellison, Leslie A. Fiedler, Barry N. Malzberg, Frederik Pohl, with introductions by Hans Stefan Santesson. It explained why junk like Valley of the Dolls can become a bestseller and SF can't. It can be explained in one word, "Promotion". Or, at least that was the explanation of the people on the panel. To me, however, a much easier explanation makes sense. That is that people seem to enjoy garbage. Look at tv for example. On top of that, the fact that science fiction is catagorized was another major reason mentioned and Harlan Ellison seemed to especially go along with the idea. Another important reason was that books that sell below the 10,000 mark over a short period of time might be on the bestseller's list, while a book that sells 100,000 over a longer period of time might not be.

The next panel was at 3:45 and it s purpose was to examine Two Genres As One: The SF Mystery. On the panel was some well known figures such as Issac Asimov, Robert L. Fish, Ron Goulart, Eleanor Sullivan, and moderator Hans Stefan Santesson. It discussed the science fiction mystery stories and was quite enjoyable. Credit for this goes to the panelists more than the main subject itself.

At 5:00, Hard Luck Stories or How to Live On $2.00 A Year was the next panel. It was moderated by Harlan Ellison, and had Jack Dann, Gardner Dozois, and George Alec Effinger on the panel itself. The main thing that can be said for it is that it destroyed the myth that all writers are rich.

There was nothing on the official agenda between the hours of 6:00 and 8:00, but they conducted an auction.

At 8:00, A Song of Gods Gone Mad came on and it featured original sf songs. Fred Kuhn played the guitar and sang with Judy Kass backing him on guitar and vocal harmonies. The introduction was by Audrey L. Bilker. On the list of songs in the program book were "Warrior Sign", "The Book With No Name", "Pleas", "Werecurse", and "Elder Mind", by Fred Kuhn, plus many more. This is more or less a question of individual taste, but I liked most of the songs.

At 9:00 the evening film program began, and the highlight of that was the one-hour film version of "Demon With a Glass Hand", which was presented on "The Outer Limits" during the 1964- 1965 season. Harlan Ellison wrote the original story and also made the film available for the con. It was directed by Byron Haskin, who directed "War of the Worlds." Being a s-f fan myself both the episode and the "Outer Limits"series as a whole are remembered by me with a great deal of fondness.

The final day of the 1973 Luna-Con began with a First Fandom Panel with Lester del Rey, Robert A. Madle, Sam Moskowitz, and moderator Arthur W. Saha. It was a fairly interesting panel but it could have been better.

At 12:15 the next panel, called The 11th Hour, started, and, although I did not attend it personally, it was reported to be very good. It was composed of people who were not sure they could attend the convention before the program went to press and had such names as Arthur C. Clarke on it.

The Guest of Honor speech was the next panel on the program. As I mentioned before, Harlan Ellison was the Guest of Honor. He came in about 15 minutes late and, since Issac Asimov was scheduled to make the introduction, he handled the panel until Harlan arrived. He did a very good job. When Harlan finally did arrive, he showed he could handle himself in front of a large audience as well as with a pen and paper. He talked about his family, letters he receives from his fans, and how he was pissed-off at the rumor going around that he was being paid an arm and a leg for attending the convention. Not that he was so annoyed at the implication that he was doing this only for the money but because, he said, it was nobody's business if he was receiving money. He admitted he was paid, but mentioned that the people come to see the "celebrities" and why should he work his butt off for a bunch of strangers to fill the pockets of some convention organizer? I admire Mr. Ellison for his honesty and think he is 100% right. Most of people there do not know him personally and we attend conventions to be entertained. He told a story of people that drop in on him from out of state and ask, "May we come in? When he refused to let them in they would ask him why and he would look at them and say, "Because you steal." An amusing story in itself but I would not be surprised if it were true. The Guest of Honor speech was quite enjoyable and Harlan Ellison was a perfect choice.

The last panel of the Lunacon was a combination affair under the title of Speculative Fiction. The first part was John J. Pierce reading a satire on the "New Wave". It was called "Hate is a Sandpaper Ice Cube with Polka Dots of Love On It", by Terry Dixon. It was very good.

The next part was The Author Meets His Critics, where Harlan Ellison was put up against John J. Pierce, Baird Searless, Darko Suvin and Fred Lerner. It was interesting, and the critics, if you want to refer to them by that word, came across as quite intelligent men with the exception of John J. Pierce. Besides other things, Mr. Pierce came across as a super nit-picker compatible with a fictional character who condemns great movies because of the lack of color. (Or condemns sf plays because he has no respect for sf.) One of the questions brought up was why doesn't Harlan Ellison write more sf. Ellison answered he doesn't because he would be so concerned with insignificant details concerning science that he does not believe he could write a good story. All critics did not like the idea that they were up there to have a battle of wits with Mr. Ellison for the entertainment of the fans (which seemed to be the main purpose for the panel) but they did disagree with Harlan Ellison and among themselves about certain ideas.

The dealers room of the convention was equipped with everything from recordings of sf shows to comic books and had more than enough paperbacks. The art room was decent but for a few exceptions there wasn't much to get excited over.

The 1973 Luna Convention came to an end at 6:00, around two hours later than stated in the program book. There will probably be another con next year, and I might even attend, but I do not look forward to it the same way I do the July Comic Con, or the Star Trek Con.

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MARVEL quiz

The quiz below was contributed by Mike Stuntebeck, of St. Paul, Minnesota. I enjoyed it, so I thought that I'd pass it on to you. So here it is---

* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *

1. SPIDERMAN to the Shocker in "The Sinister Shocker" (1966):

"Your Shocker gizmos won't work if your thumbs can't touch those crazy CONTROL BUTTONS! Right?"

To which the Shocker replied:

A. Wanna bet, big mouth?
B. You're right. I surrender!
C. My thumbs! I can't move them!

* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *

2. RED WOLF in "When Dies A Legend" (1970):

"There is...no hope! But, at least I can die like a WARRIOR!"

After which the SCARLET WITCH replied:

A. Perhaps you need not die at all, RED WOLF!
B. See you around!
C. No! Not while we can still get out of here!

* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *

3. The Masked Marauder to DAREDEVIL in "None are so Blind" (1966):

"My opti-blast never fails!, You can't attack me! It isn't poss-UHHHHHH!!!"

To which DAREDEVIL replied:

A. Shut up and conk out like a good little crook!
B. Mister, you talk too much!
C. You don't have to shout!

* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *

4. CAPTAIN AMERICA to Batroc in "30 Minutes to Live" (1965):

"You talk a good fight---but it doesn't pay off the wire, mister"

To which Batroc replies:

A. Nom Du Chien!
B. Ach De Liebur!
C. You'll sing a different tune later, after you are captured!

* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *

5. Karnak to BLACK BOLT in "Those Who Would Destroy Us!" (1965):

"He (the THING) is too strong for you, BLACK BOLT! You must use your MASTER BLOW!"

To which Ben Grimm replies:

A. It won't do anything to me!
B. UNHHHH!
C. Master Blow? How corny can you get?

* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *

6. The Absorbing Man to THOR in "The Power! The Passion! The Pride!" (1965):

"This will finish you for sure!"

To which THOR says:

A. Not whilst these two arms can still wield the power of THOR!
B. I will not give up till my death!
C. Nay, Crusher Creel! Not while it misses its target!

* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *

7. The Abomination to the SILVER SURFER in "Gather, Ye Witches" (1969):

"So, you're back, huh? You didn't know how lucky you were. But your luck just ran out!"

To which the SURFER replies:

A. Not while I have my COSMIC POWER!
B. He lives only to kill! I must stop him!
C. He lives but to kill! With such as he, there can be no mercy...no appeal!

* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *

8. KANG to IRON MAN in "Kang, The Conqueror!" (1964):

"You, in the iron suit, just what do you think you're doing?"

To which IRON MAN replies:

A. Showing you how to destroy a ship!
B. I'm searching you for weapons!
C. Just showing you that we in the 20th century aren't the savages you think we are!

****

The answers, incase you were wondering are:

1- C	5- C
2- A	6- A
3- B	7- C
4- A	8- C

If you got them all right (without peeking) well, then you're a better man than me!

Cowboys And Aliens

STEVEN UTLEY

The following article was originally published in Citadel #2 (Spring, 1971) and is Copyright (c) 1971 by George W. Proctor. Reprinted by permission.

Those great and not-so-great comic book heroes of the Forties had become virtually extinct by the time the placid Fifties got underway. Some, mercifully, had died swiftly, carried under by comics that no longer sold, going down with companies that could no longer afford to sponser supermen and wonder women. Others, the bigger stars who had once been popular enough to appear simultaneously in a number of different books, were less fortunate: their death agonies were prolonged for months, even years, at a time as they lost one magzine after another.

A few, unluckiest of all, had surely perished of nothing less than humiliation: THE SHIELD,for example, had surrendered the spotlight in PEP to Archie.

It came to the point where one had to sift through HUNDREDS of crime, sf, horror, western, war, love, and humor comics to find one or two of the old superstars. The stench of death was everywhere, and even the mightiest were threatened with extinction. CAPTAIN MARVEL, who had established a record for sales a decade before, wasted away like a leper in the wilderness and was gone; PLASTIC MAN, CRIMEBUSTER, JOHNNY QUICK and a few others who had survived the Forties were cases for the cancer clinic's terminal ward. A handful of one-time great stars such as CAPTAIN AMERICA, the BLUE BEETLE and the GREEN HORNET were resurrected to no avail. Only SUPERMAN and BATMAN remained popular enough to each sell more than a single comic book at a time.

Despite the obvious fact that readers were simply not interested in the exploits of union-suited do-gooders, certain publishers came out with new characters. A couple,MARVEL BOY (illustrated by Bill Everett, who had by that time become one of the finest artists in the business) and the FIGHTING AMERICAN (Joe Simon and Jack Kirby's enjoyable spoof of their own CAPTAIN AMERICA), might have succeeded had they come along ten years earlier. The rest of the early Fifties' few original creations can only be compared with more recent dogs of monumental proportions, such as B'WANA BEAST, THE BRAVE AND THE BOLD'S "STRANGE SPORTS STORIES" and M.F. Enterprises' hideous mockery of the good name CAPTAIN MARVEL (my guts still quiver when I think about those). Ever eager to lay hands upon readers' hard-earned bread, comic book publishers have often gone to desperate, even utterly ridiculous, extremes. The results in this case were not exactly memorable, being at best feeble attempts to inject more or less conventional heroes (super and otherwise) into the science-fiction and supernatural stories that were then selling the most comics----CAPTAIN SCIENCE, the Crusader from Mars, MAJOR INAPAK (an ace of space cooked up by M.E.'s Bob Powell for the purpose of promoting Inapak, which appears to have been some sort of chocolate gook that one mixed with milk and swallowed). CAPTAIN FLASH and RICKY, the PURPLE CLAW, TOMBOY, even some cross-overs from television, CAPTAIN VIDEO and TOM CORBETT, SPACE CADET.

Oh yes, and SPURS JACKSON.

I swear upon all that I deem holy (KING KONG, Lenny Bruce, and the JUSTICE SOCIETY OF AMERICA) that that which I am about to relate is not born of my own twisted little mind. There was a character named SPURS JACKSON who headed a group called The Space Vigilantes in the unlikeliest-sounding comic book hybrid of all time: SPACE WESTERN COMICS. Capitol Stories, better known as Charlton, ground out six issues of that incredible experience (nos. 40-45, dated September/October, 1952 through July/August, 1953). I possess two of those issues and keep them filed with slightly less improbable things as constant reminders of the lengths to which some people will go in order to make money; anyone who disbelieves in the existance of SPACE WESTERN COMICS has but to accuse me of suffering from the residual effect of mescaline, and I will send that individual Xerox reproductions of the covers to establish my veracity.

Drawn in an occasionally competent manner by one Stan Campbell (best remembered for his work in LASH LaRUE, so Larry Herndon assures me), SPURS JACKSON was a lantern-jawed, cleft-chinned Arizona rancher who just happened to have his very own spaceship parked down in the lower forty. Such a fusion of the Wild West and THRILLING WONDER STORIES was not new---a number of shoot-'em-ups of the Thirties, not the least of which was Gene Autry's PHANTOM EMPIRE serial (Mascot Pictures, 1935), had been inspired by the same idea---nor would the notion be discarded along with SPURS JACKSON and his Space Vigilantes; I refer to such films as THE BEAST OF HOLLOW MOUNTAIN and THE VALLEY OF GWANGI, both of which pitted cowboys against dinosaurs.

I am personally inclined to believe that the writer or writers responsible for SPACE WESTERN COMICS were gorging themselves on cold pizza, raw lobster, fat-fried potatoes,and hot peppers one night while watching one of those sf-Westerns. Dreaming such dreams as are likely to be dreamt following such repast they gave birth to SPURS, who,though his adventures were set in the not-so-distant future, dressed like a Thirties-style movie cowboy--- big ten-gallon hat (sometimes black, sometimes white, depending upon the whim of the artist), a tablecloth tied 'round the neck, crimson shirt with forty-nine buttons on each sleeve, blue cavalry breeches and bright yellow cowboy boots. He did remove his hat in order to put on a fish-bowl space helmet once, but he never under any circumstances thought to hide his colorful attire under a drab pressure suit, nor was he ever to be seen without a couple of holsters hanging halfway to his ankles.

It seems that every other planet in the solar system (plus a couple of the larger asteroids and old Sol itself) was out to lay claim to Earth, so SPURS never knew just when he might require the services of his trusty six-shooters (no ray blasters for him). A single issue of SPACE WESTERN COMICS might contain three or four different stories involving alien invasions--- extraterrestials seemed greater in number than even the Axis hordes of ten years before. One wonders where in the hell SPURS ever found time to reload.

Accompanied by the Space Vigilantes, an assortment of planet-hopping ranch hands that included cauliflower-eared Hank Roper (whose specialty, as you might surmise from his name, was the lariat) and an Indian named Strong Bow (who of course favored the thirteen-inch gun), SPURS would rocket away time and again to do battle with such onery varmints as the Sun Master,the outlaws of Mars, the Moon-borers (rotund little horrors who looked as though they might once have portrayed Japanese soldiers in any old Timely comic), the cactus men of Venus (no shit!) and even the Aztecs who, the tales goes, fled Earth in hastily constructed spacecraft when Mexico was conquered by the Spaniards. (All of the aforementioned menaces, I should point out, popped up in my two issues; God alone knows what SPURS did to pass the time in the other four.) The scripts were dire, characterization nil, the science, as is too often the case in sf-flavored comics, largely hit or miss, comparing at times with the flying stegosaurus that marred Edgar Rice Burroughs' TARZAN AT THE EARTHS CORE.

Exactly how SPACE WESTERN COMICS managed to last as long as it did eludes me---I can only assume that readers either felt it to be their duty to humor madmen (which isn't very likely, since Fredric Wertham knew comic book readers for a scurvy lot of moral pygmies when he saw them) or else decided that the adventures of the space-riding gunslingers constituted some sort of truly far-out hallucination which everyone would shortly shake off.

Shake they must have, for SPURS JACKSON and his Space Vigilantes hadn't saved the world too many times before they joined CATMAN, the PATRIOT, MISTER TERRIFIC, and the rest of those earlier minor champions of justice in limbo.

THE WANDERING FAN CONT.

Getting back to more important matters before we bid you farewell, I'd like to mention that True Fan Adventure Theater, volume 2, number 1, should be available around the time of the 1973 Comic Art Convention here in New York. You can pick up your copy there or order it by mail shortly thereafter. It's probably the best issue of True F.A.T. yet. You'll like it.

Next issue: more stuff for you to read.

Big finishes never were my strong point.

FANDOM FORUM/ NEAL POZNER

How To Order & Contribute To Fanzines

((Recently I advertised for my fanzine, Shazam! The Wonderful World of Comix. Some of the responses I received prompted this article.))

The first thing to keep in mind when ordering a fanzine, just like when shopping, is to look for something in which you are interested. If you're into animation, don't let classy looking ads for Super Art Zine dissaude you from answering an ad for Funnyworld. You'll only be disappointed. The best way to determine what fanzine is for you is to check and compare. Subscribe to adzines; in comics fandom, the best are The Buyer's Guide and The Rocket's Blast-ComiCollector. Look for an interesting ad. In doing this, take all things into account; is the ad nicely designed? Does it look like the type of zine that would appeal to you? Do the contents look interesting enough to warrant paying whatever price is being asked? Are you familiar with any of the contributor's work? (This last one can work both ways: if it's work by someone you really admire, you often order it regardless of the other material. On the other hand, if it is by some hack fan artist, you may think, "Gee! If the level of quality on this fanzine is this low, I'd better not get it." This, however, does not always work. Bad artists and writers occassionally turn out good pieces and improve with time.)

After this, see what other people's opinions of the zine are. You might ask friends in fandom if they have seen or heard of the fanzine. Check reviews in fanzines like RBCC, YCR, and Etcetera. The Monster Times also has a semi-regular fanzine review column by Bob Napier (formerly of George) and by the time you read this, the Warren magazines will have begun their fanzine review column.

When you look at reviews, it's best to look not only at one specific fanzine, but to look at them all. You often find fanzines that haven't advertised too extensively or ones with ads that have not been impressive enough to catch your attention that sound appealing to you.

Fine. You've found the fanzine you want. You have carefully picked and chosen to avoid the old fan tradition of the rip-off. Next comes the fine art of placing your order.

First, before you do anything else, type or print legibly on the envelope and the letter your address and make sure that your zip code is in both places. This is done so that it is impossible for the publisher to misread your address or to accidently throw it away. Third class mail isn't usually forwarded when the address is wrong, and won't even be delivered without zip code.

When ordering, say where you saw the ad, plug, or review. This helps the editor evaluate which place offers the best market for his money. For example: "Please send me a copy of Gosh Shazam! #5, which I saw advertised in RBCC #98." Always include both numbers. Gosh Shazam may be out on a monthly schedule and you may get a different issue than the one you want. The issue of the adzine is also helpful because many advertisers repeat the same ad in consecutive issues.

Now to paying for your order. Checks or money orders are preferred as it decreases the chance of losing your money in the mail. They also serve as receipts. If you must send cash, don't send it floating loose in the envelope. The best way to protect your money is to put it between two pieces of cardboard the size of the envelope and tape them together so the money can't fall out. Taping it to one of the pieces of cardboard is another safety precaution.

In sending checks, always check the ad carefully for instructions. Some ads will have you make the check or money order payable to the editor or publisher whose name they

will give. Others will have you make it out to the name of the publication. If you see neither, make checks and money orders payable to the person rather than the fanzine. Fanzines are hobbies, and most fans don't have bank accounts in the name of their fanzines. It's not that easy for a fan to cash a check made out to the name of a fanzine. The only problem with checks is that they usually take about 20 days to clear through the bank. For this reason, cautious fanzine editors wait for the check to clear before sending out an order.

This can be one of many things that can hold up the delivery of your fanzine. Other important reasons are the lack of time on the part of the editor and the mails. Most fanzines are sent out Third Class mail because it is more economical than First Class. Third Class mail rarely takes less than 2 weeks to reach its destination. Sometimes ads are placed before the actual printing of a fanzine. Although it is usually the advertiser's responsibility to say, "Advance orders are now being taken", or something to that effect, it is not always the case. This, too, may delay your copy.

It is for all these reasons that it is unnecessary, and even a trifle annoying upon occassions, to say "Please RUSH me my copy of Graphic Story Gazette. I'll yell and scream if I don't get it within three days!" This request rarely makes a difference to a fanzine editor. He'll get it out when he can. No amount of cajoling can change that. Only when you haven't heard from the fanzine in about a month and a half or two months should you start to worry. Politely inquire as to the whereabouts of your fanzine, making sure to say when you placed your order. It's not infrequent or unusual for a zine to get lost in the mails and it is through no fault of the editor that it does get lost. He usually tries to replace the copy if this is the case.

So now let's assume that you have received your copy of the fanzine that you ordered. You like the material and you think that you would like to contribute. The first thing you should do is to look at your work objectively, and try to decide whether or not it reaches the quality of the fanzine. If you think so then send samples of your work to the editor, mailed flat. Text pieces should be double-spaced and art should be done in black india ink for the best reproduction. Unless you are sending copies of your actual work, include a self-addressed, stamped envelope to get your work back. A fanzine often gets so many submissions the editor cannot afford to mail back all the pieces he can't use. Always place your artwork between two pieces of heavy cardboard. This will reduce the chance of it being damaged by a postal employee. Never fold your artwork.

When sending a contribution always include a note. The editor can always use a little egoboost; tell him how much you enjoy his publication and how much of an honor it would be to have him publish some of your work in his fanzine.

If your work is returned, the editor generally tries to tell you why and give you some constructive criticism. Don't be too discouraged. Look at it as another stepping stone to fanzines. If you can accept criticism with an open mind, it will help you and can improve your work immeasurably.

In the event your work is accepted, you may have to wait a while to see it in print. Most fanzines are printed at no regular intervals, so you'll have to wait for the issue to come out. And even then your work might not be used. Space limitation often causes last minute omissions.

That's about it. Anyone with questions can see me after class. Good luck in your buying and contributing.

For those of you new to fandom, here are a few of the more prominent adzines to look for zines in:

THE GAZETTE ADVERTISER is free for a postcard to: THE GAZETTE ADVERTISER, N88 W17015 Main Street, Menomonee Falls, Wisconsin 53051.

THE ROCKET'S BLAST-COMICOLLECTOR is fandom's oldest adzine, celebrating it s 100th issue. The cost is $1 for a sample copy. Reviews and ads. Available from: The SFCA, 9875 SW 212 Street, Miami, Florida 33157.

THE MIRKWOOD TIMES is free for a postcard from: THE MIRKWOOD TIMES, P.O. Box 18372, Sub. Dept., Denver, Colorado 80218.

THE BUYER'S GUIDE is a bi-weekly adzine, available for $3 a year from DynaPubs Enterprises, RR #1, Box 297 East Moline, Ill. 61244.

i.e.

The month of June has been quite a month around here. We've managed to get out two issues of The Comic Reader, one of Etcetera, and the program book for the 1973 Comic Art Convention. This is also the month that Paul, Steve and myself graduate from high school. Oh yeah, TCR also won the Comic Art Fan Award for the best fanzine of 1972. As you may realize, we're all very happy about this and we thank all of you who voted for the magazine.

And speaking of awards, congratulations to the folks at the Menomonee Falls Gazette for winning both the Special Recognition Award from ACBA and the Comic Art Fan Award for the best non-newsstand magazine of 1972. Now that's what I call a good first year!

The last issue of Etcetera was, to say the least, a smash! We completely sold out of #2 about three weeks before this issue went to the printer. On top of that, practically all the mail was favorable. Thank you people for your kind comments... and keep on writing!

For all you folks who are reading this before the 1973 New York Comic Art Convention, if you plan to attend, don't be shy about dropping over to our table and saying hello. If you happen to be sitting off in a corner of the Commodore Hotel and reading this in between panels and film showings, then you've already said hi... so enjoy!

Next issue will contain a special report on the Convention. There'll be twenty pages or so of reports transcripts of speeches and panels, and photographs of what went on at the Con.

This issue's cover: Don Maitz, a college student in Connecticut, contributes his rendition of Dracula, as well as the illustration of GREEN LANTERN on the mailing page.

And speaking of covers, coming up next issue is CAPTAIN MARVEL, JR. by Dave Cockrum, the artist on the LEGION OF SUPER-HEROES, and CAPTAIN MARVEL, JR. (which is to appear as a back feature in SHAZAM).

As you can see, Tony Isabella has returned to our ranks and is continuing his saga of The Wandering Fan. Also back after an absence of one issue is Duffy Vohland, with his Duffy's Tavern. Gone--but not for long is Jeffrey Wasserman's Jach Spake. Jeff couldn't make it this month because of a load of finals, but he will be back next issue.

That seems to be it for this issue, people. Next issue will be out the third week in August, with most of the regular features and the already mentioned Con report. See you there.

FANTASY UNLIMITED: Formerly Aftermath, formerly An Adzine. It has been a good, dependable duplicated magazine with the best bargains in comics, if you could read it. Anyhow, Alan Austin, the editor, has got a better duplicator now. The address is Alan Austin, 47 Hesperus Crescent, Millwall, London E14.

COMIC CATALOG: This was the forerunner of Comic Media, started by Nick Landau and Tom Downes, and became CM as of number 7. (There was also a CM #1 and #2 published a year before.) When CM started, CC was dropped, but has since been restarted. CC is the new FA size and it is still a good buy. The address is Tom Downes, 14 Quinton House, Wandsworth Road, London SW8.

FANTASY DOMAIN: A very well put together newszine with news taken from The Comic Reader. It contains a very good section on distribution in England and an "On Sale" guide. It is published every 6-8 weeks. The address is Rob Barrow, 212 Grange Road, Plainston, London E13 OHB.

COMIC MEDIA NEWSLETTER: Comic Media NL is an 8-page monthly bulletetin with a news section on films, comics, tv shows, sf, etc. with news from TCR, Le Beaver, and a few others. The address is Richard Burton, 22 Woodhaw, Egham, Surrey.

COMIC MEDIA: CM is the only regular British general zine. The emphasis is placed more on the international comic scene, and each issue contains a special feature section (eg. MODESTY BLAISE and Peter O'Donnell in the last issue) as well as regular columns. The editor is Nick Landau, but CM is available from TCR Publications in the USA for 60¢.

Continued next issue.

letters to Etcetera

Dear Paul,

I enjoyed Etcetera #2, particularly the two-page comic strip relative to the misspelling of Mr. O'Konner's name by Mr. Kipperberg. I really got a bang out of the last panel on page two... the one showing Godzilla holding a rifle. Hope to see the further adventures of Konnerberg verus O'Kipper. Best regards and keep up the good work.

Bob Burros
c/o Lily Quin
19-20 Linden Street Ridgewood,
Brooklyn, N.Y. 11227

(Well, Bub Borres, glad you liked the strip. Lum O'Cinner is happy you got a bang out of seeing "Godzilla" holding a rifle, but he tells me that you'll get even a bigger bang if you open that package that he has sent you!
--Paul)

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Dear Paul,

Etcetera #2 was good, but I missed Revival-Survival by Slifer.

Goodly Bump,
Roger Slifer
Box 105
Morristown, In.
46060

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Dear Paul,

Etcetera #2 was almost as great as #1, and I hope that this continues with #3, #4, #5...etc. (ha!).

Tom Greeniones' Shot In The Dark was a probing insight a la Jules Feiffer into why we read comics, and Breakdown by Moench was superb.

One question: How come the Kubert-issue is still raging? Yes, Barry Smith is great, but he hasn't got the years of tried and true experience that Kubert has (remember TOR, ENEMY ACE, and the early HAWKMAN?).

Anyway, keep up the good fight.

David L. Vineyard
304 Line Drive
Gainesville, Tx. 76240

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Dear Mr. Kupperberg,

I got Etcetera #2 in the mail yesterday; it was quite good. New And Recommended and Fandom Forum showed, for obvious reasons, the biggest improvement over last issue. I only wish that Liam had made some mention of the many errors of fact in ...Anatomy of a Mass Media.

Another point: "Media" is the plural form of "Medium", "Insignia"of "Insigne". There is no such word as "Insignias".

My compliments anyway. Good luck on #3.

Christopher Melchert
6077 Oceanview Drive
Oakland, Calif.
94678

(Gee, Christopher, nobody's perfect! We try to catch as many of the mistakes in grammar as we can, but some slip through. What can I tell you?
--Paul)

Dear Paul,

I think Etcetera #2 had a better selection of articles than #1. Fandom Forum was definitely better than it had been in the previous issue. In the future, however, I think this column should present the opinions of different fans on various topics.

New And Recommended is an excellent column since it can be used as a guide on how to spend your money on new publications.

I enjoyed reading almost all the other articles because they were interesting to me and they covered a wide range of topics. I would, however, like to see more art and comic strips in Etcetera, but this is not as important as the articles, since Etcetera is, after all, mainly an article zine. Try to have longer articles if it's possible.

Good luck with future issues! I'm sending along my money order for number 3.

Jason Chain
Toronto, Canada

(Your wish is our command ((or something like that)). Next issue's Fandom Forum will more or less cover different opinions from different fans on things going on.

As far as comic strips go, I doubt if there'll be very many in Etcetera, because, like you say, we are mainly an article zine.

The lengths of articles is something that is left up to the writers.

Paul)

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Dear Paul,

A few comments about Etcetera #2...

The sole purpose of New And Recommended, so far, seems to be to inform fans about the good things floating about the comix world. All well and good, but don't you think it should be used to tell the fans of the rip-offs as well? Let's see a bit more criticism of the things that need it, fellas.

The "obituary" on WARP was most fitting. I was lucky enough to see it during a preview. If the play had succeeded with the tasteless N.Y. theatre critics (who have driven most of the youth, and everybody in general, away from the New York stage), it may have just made the traditional, commercial comic book obsolete.

The O'Connor- Kenley- Gefford strip seemed to be an "in" joke I didn't particularly get.

BoB Pinaha's piece on the undergrounds was informative, but I think I could have lived without the info.

I think the main problem with Etcetera is that it seems to ignore what has inspired it's creation: comic books. We have reviews of books about William Gaines and TARZAN. We have pieces of nostalgia and satire by Doug Moench and Jeff Wasserman. We have reports on British fandom, and STAR TREK convention.

This is all fine. But where are the comics? I'm not defending the current comic scene by any means, and that's not what I'm asking you to do. More of just the opposite, in fact. Sure, tear it apart, expose the hypocricy of the big time publishers who look upon relevancey as a fad and not as a necessary part of life; put down the "formula", assembly-line creations of the comic companies and the hack art and writing that goes along with them. Etcetera should try to educate its readers, give them all shades of opinions from a nine year old who gets off on SUPERMAN, to a twenty year old who digs Adams, Kirby, or Crumb, to a a 40 year old who feels nostalgic about SHAZAM!

Ira Silverberg
2955 West 33rd Street,
Brooklyn, New York 11224

(Starting with this issue, New And Recommended becomes The Book Shelf. In The Book Shelf, as you can read for yourself, we present both the good and the bad things in fandom.

As far as the William Gaines book review and the other things on the same level, they're all connected with the comics. There's more to comics fandom than just this month's SUPERMAN. Science fiction, undergrounds, comic strips, etc.,are all related in some way. Besides, there is only so much you can say about a comic book without falling asleep.

I'd give you more of an answer now, except this is the end of the page and I don't have any more room. Well, maybe another day.

Paul)

the BOOK SHELF

CISCO KID/KRAZY KAT
THE SPIRIT 1
EPOCH 4
CASTLE OF FRANKENSTEIN 19
TARZAN OF THE APES
GOLDEN FUNNIES
FOOM!

THE CISCO KID #1 and KRAZY KAT #1, Street Enterprises, Box 255, Menomonee Falls, Wisconsin 53051. 60¢ each.

The third and fourth reprint books from the gang at The Menomonee Falls Gazette have finally come to us. This time around they are THE CISCO KID by Jose Luis Salinas, and George Harriman's famous KRAZY KAT. To say that these two books are nice would be a gross understatement. They are absolutely out of this world!

First off is THE CISCO KID from 1951. This 32 page magazine reprints over two months worth of CISCO KID, the first of two parts of a story. The second part is due out about the same time you read this review. The art, by Jose Luis Salinas, is beautiful, and the story is one that concerns a bad guy and Women's Lib.

If you're a fan of humor, then you already know about KRAZY KAT by George Harriman. KRAZY KAT is one of the funniest comic strips ever to see print. The humor that was presented originally in the mid-30's is as funny now as it was then.

There are 31 pages of KRAZY KAT dailies, and each and every one will drive you out of your skull with laughter.

For 60¢ a piece you cannot go wrong with these books. Buy them now, because you should've gotten them yesterday.

/Liam O'Connor

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(c) 1973 Will Eisner

THE SPIRIT #1 Krupp Comic Works, P.O. Box 5699, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, 53211. 50¢ a copy.

Many things are reprinted nowadays with much of it being well worth your money. But dig into your pockets and take out 4 bits and buy this underground...you'll love it!

This first issue (with hopes of many more to come) of THE SPIRIT starts off with a wrap-around color cover by Will Eisner. See Eisner draw blood; see Eisner draw naked women; see Eisner draw...

What follows are four reprints of the SPIRIT Sunday sections, all from 1946- all classic SPIRIT. Heavy on the shadows and light on humor. Read them, you'll laugh.

Interlaced between the reprints are four brand new one page SPIRIT strips. These four deal with more contemporary problems like a militant activist, a satire on people's views on crime and violence, on

blacks and on guns.

It's funny, it's clean (somewhat), it's great, it's 50¢, it's the SPIRIT! Need I say more?

/Paul Hugli

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EPOCH #4, "Gang" Publications, 11231 Wolf Lane, Indianapolis, In. 46229. 40¢ 3rd Class Mail, or 50¢ 1st Class Mail.

EPOCH is a zine that combines a good amount of art and articles to come up with a fine fanzine. It is a "Gang" Publication (the Gang, for those of you who don't know, consists of Steve Mattingly, Duffy Vohland, Dave Underwood, and Roger Stern) and it is a very pleasant publication.

The issue opens with an article by Greg Potter on Timing In The Comics Media, a piece on how comic book stories lead the reader up to the climax of the story and then leaves him hanging. Next, Ray Miller takes us down memory lane with the BLACK TERROR. Following that is an article by Mark Evanier where Mark tells us how to start a Sharon Tate Cult. Revival-Survival is next with the "life" of DEADMAN.

A very fine strip drawn by John B. Byrne and written by Steve Mattingly follows. John is an exceptionally good fan artist (for a small sample of his work, see the mailing page on the last issue of Etcetera).

After that is What Have the Comics Lost? by Greg Potter, One For All, And All For Nothing by Steve Utley on THE SEVEN SOLDIERS OF VICTORY, and Que Pasa? by EPOCH editor Steve Mattingly.

A great number of artists are presented. John Byrne, Steve Ditko, Joe Sinnott, Steve Fabian, Duffy Vohland, Newton and others are presented, but none in great quantity (although much quality) except for John Byrne.

EPOCH is a nice non-slick zine. It comes with no staples, and the mailing cover has a poster on the reverse side. All in all, EPOCH's non-slickness is what makes it so good and friendly.

/Liam O'Connor

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TARZAN OF THE APES by Edgar Rice Burroughs and Burne Hogarth. Watson-Guptill Publications, $9.95 (hardcover).

Once again the legend of the APE-MAN is re-told. This time, it is with words by E.R. Burroughs and art by Burne Hogarth. Yes, Hogarth, the master artist who drew TARZAN many years ago.

This is a book to get and to hold onto forever. The art can only be discribed as fantastic and a whole dictionary full of other adjectives. Pages come alive in a way that few, if any, other artists can make them. The story, which by now is known by virtually everyone, is enhanced by the art which is in turn further enhanced by the high quality slick paper and FULL color. The captions and dialog are presented in blocks in various places in the panel, that do not interfere with the art, a la Prince Valiant.

The book is 160 pages long, with 122 of them featuring the magnificent art and 38 pages of introduction by Maurice Horn. The introduction covers Hogarth and the many things written about him. Included are samples of his other, earlier works.

This book is beautiful and if you pass up a chance to buy it, I may be led to doubt your sincerity as a fan of comic art and besides, you'll kick yourself forever.

/Liam O'Connor

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THE CASTLE OF FRANKENSTEIN #19, 60¢.

At last! It has arrived! What?, you ask. Why, CASTLE OF FRANKENSTEIN number 19. Yes, yes, Calvin T. Beck's gargantuan hobby gone mad has increased by one. And it is of high quality and of more than casual interest. This issue has many interesting bits and pieces:

Those deliciously compressed, ingeniously perceptive mini-reviews--of films recent and of yesteryear (Frankenstein TV movieguide Letter "M"---conclusion). Included among the list of recent films mini-reviewed you will find Dr. Phibes Rises Again, Slaughterhouse Five, Fritz the Cat, Frogs, Bluebeard, Blacula, Frenzy, Son of Blob, and Asylum.

There is a good informative interview with Douglas Trumbull, director of Silent Running. Unfortunately, there is too much emphasis

placed on the special effects of that intriguing, though flawed, film.

Number 19 also contains part one of an interview with Ray Harryhausen master of special effects and animation. This one was good; the questions got a lot of detailed information out of Harryhausen. But a few of the photos illustrating this interview we've seen too many times before.

Then there is a section where seven recent Hammer Films were give brillant treatment---plot synopses, photos, and analyses (in the CoF tradition). The films covered are Dracula A.D. 1972, Countess Dracula, Vampire Circus, Twins of Evil, Blood From the Mummy's Tomb (I wish I'd seen that!), Dr. Jekyll and Sister Hyde, and, The Hands of the Ripper. Even though we wish there were more photos per film covered, and even though the mini-plot synopses were often compressed into incomprehensibility, we'd like to see this sort of thing done more often.

Next comes the longer, more detailed reviews of ZPG, The Pied Piper and Stanley Kubrick's Clockwork Orange.

The SFantasy Film News is welcomed, though it is a bit stale in parts.

Then, sprinkled through the issue are Mr. Beck's extended editorial, comments or whatever; as usual, both are interesting and pretentious-take your pick.

And, the whole thing is wrapped in a cover by Maelo Cintron---a colorful, enjoyable, if not artistically beautiful, painting.

Yes, this issue was a worthy effort. It was definitely up to the usual standards of CASTLE OF FRANKENSTEIN. It is a shame that this magazine has distribution troubles, and it is even a worse shame that Mr. Beck is cursed with an inefficient mailing department---the blame for which we cannot, in justice, place upon him.

/Paul Briggs

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GOLDEN FUNNIES, DynaPubs Enterprises, RR #1, Box 297, East Moline, Illinos 61244. 12 issues (in U.S.)-$4.50, 26 issues- $9.00, 52 issues-$17.00. (Published weekly)

It is an accepted fact in fandom, as it is in most other fields, that when something good comes along, there will undoubtedly be imitations following close behind. On rare occasions, the imitation is as good as the original. This, however, is not the case with GOLDEN FUNNIES, the newest publication from DynaPubs Enterprises.

GOLDEN FUNNIES is a tabloid size, 12 page strip-reprint zine. I was going to say much in the tradition of The Menomonee Falls Gazette, but The Gazette is good! This zine is a poorly packaged, sloppily done imitation of The Gazette. To begin with, GOLDEN FUNNIES only offers the reader 12 pages of material for 50¢ cover price (or 33⅓¢ subscription price). That's not a hell of a lot to read. In fact, I went through it in less than 5 minutes, whereas in The Gazette I'm able to sit back for 45 minutes to an hour and read---and this for 5¢ less!

After one gets past the skimpy size, one looks at the strips offered within the pages of GOLDEN FUNNIES. To start the issue is "The very first SUPERMAN Sunday page, from November 5, 1939". This is all well and good, and I enjoyed seeing it, except for the fact that the page was taken and reproduced directly from the original (as was everything in the issue) and the screening was extremely poor, even though, according to Editor Light, the screening helped the strips reproduce better. In fact, only the KRAZY KAT and DICK TRACY dailies came out any good, and I assume that this is because they were shot from the black and white originals.

Oh yeah, in their ads, we were promised PRINCE VALIENT, TERRY AND THE PIRATES, L'IL ABNER, and TARZAN, but when it got to the magazine itself, I didn't see any of these strips. The strips that do appear are the above mentioned SUPERMAN DON DIXON, 2 pages of BUCK ROGERS (not, as was advertised, from the "very first"), MANDRAKE, LITTLE NEMO IN SLUMBERLAND, BRINGING UP FATHER, KATZENJAMMER KIDS, 2 pages of DICK TRACY, TAILSPIN TOMMY, and KRAZY KAT.

Unless the size and quality of reproduction and material in GOLDEN FUNNIES improves, I'd recommend that you buy The Menomonee Falls Gazette.

/Paul Kupperberg

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FOOM, Box 1827, New York, N.Y., 10022. Membership costs $2.50.

Alas, I must admit that I expected something worthy of $2.50, perhaps I sought something meriting even more.

It arrived dully enough. The "surprise, spectacular envelope" was no more than a meagre 9" x 12" unsealed (so 2 or 3 of your stickers could drop out during mailing) envelope, with a very immature, and quite unmemorable plastering of the HULK's pan on the front. The Green One's face composed about 95% of the package face, and it was undeniably one of the worst Steranko renditions I have ever seen.

For a Steranko guided project, I had (concurring with their highly exaggerated build-up) anticipated a well-composed, eye-plastering design — much like the one used to mail Steranko's History of the Comics. Oh yes, I had mailed away for FOOM on February 20 and it arrived April 27... 66 days! And that was inclusive everywhere in London, Ontario!

The Steranko poster ("the glorious, grand 22" x 28"...") was something I think even his two assistants could have improved upon. It depicted an illo of the THING that was an atrocity, and the portraits of REED RICHARDS and SPIDERMAN bore an inferior tinge. The remaining collage of heroes and heroines bordered on fair to very good. The only other thing that detracted most from this wall decoration was Stan Lee's 135 word tirade on the FOOM myth! The name is ridiculous enough but must we have Lee's cackling even on our poster... as well as silly slogans on the six stickers?

The greatest sacrilege, though, is the FOOM magazine. This is so poorly contrived as to be insulting! The cover consists of Stan Lee's face and more of his ridiculous verbiage on the wonderment of FOOM. Obviously he never read the interior of the thing! Jim Steranko begins by telling us the how and why of the new, exciting material in this debut issue... new, exciting material that is invariably thought up within a well-considered 10 minutes. What he says took "... a dozen conferences and a score of phone-calls" is sincerely lacking a lot of the effort that was supposedly put into it.

After Steranko's 2-page introduction, we are "introduced" to some of the Bullpen Gang, including Stan Lee BIG John Buscema, RASCALLY Roy Thomas, JOLTIN' Joe Sinnott, and JUMPIN' Gerry Conway... with photos and accompanying article on each, by golly!

Right after our brief accquaintances with the Bullpen, we stumble upon this crossword puzzle, a jumble, and, alack, a silly and very boring game, "Moving Target" (by the JAUNTY one hisself), and, most astonishingly, a color-in page. You see, the idea is for us wily fans here to draw in 6 masks on these blank faces, ones that FURY might have used during his tangles with AIM, Hydra, Cobra, Yellow Claw... oops, excuse me, but I got carried away there. But you understand. I mean, these are the most improper items one could submit for a wide-circulation slick-zine such as this.

After this, we encounter a 4-page article on the FANTASTIC FOUR, with repros and the like. The article is fine, but virtually wasteful to any ardent FF fan because it is simply a very concise history of the FANTASTIC FOUR, and what it explains, any FF fan already knows.

"The far-out fanfare and infoomation section..." (7 pages) is supposed to consist of up-to-the-minute well-in-advance information. Well, it's hardly that. Three pages are used for full page illos of 3 of the Marvel b-and-w covers. The news, suffice to say, is sorely out-dated.

Oh yes, there is also a one page review of fanzines. It contains (and I suspect a bit of dealing across the management here) reviews of Steranko's History of Comics, volumes 1 & 2, Steranko's Comixscene, The Comic Crusader, Funnyworld, and The Collector. About Comixscene, Steranko says, "No fan can afford to be without it." Modest, huh?

Generally, there is little valid information in the whole thing. And with FOOM being a quarterly mag, can one honestly say that they are going to receive up to the minute reports? The best bargain of the lot is the membership card, nice, and gold colored, too, made of cardboard, and it even has a place to sign your name.

FOOM's value: a totally incredulous fan mag, printed once every 3 months, a decrepid poster, 6 useless stickers, and a none too special envelope! And at least 2 months before the package reaches your door!

FOOM? Whazzat?

/Marc Emery

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